

THE ANTIOCH NEWS.

Pledged to The Republican Policy of Reciprocity and Protection to American Industries, as Formulated in The Republican National Platform.

VOL. XVI.

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1902.

NO. 10

PEOPLE THAT YOU KNOW

WHAT THEY ARE DOING—WHERE THEY GO.

Interesting Items Gathered Here and There in Our Journeys About Town.

ELGIN, ILL., Nov. 8.—Butter firm at 24 1/2c; no offerings and no sales. Output for the week, 480,000 lbs. Butter last week, 24 1/2c; last year, 22c.

St. Paul Fur Coats at Williams Bros. Selt Shoes; best and cheapest, at Williams Bros.

For Sale—A small flock of breeding ewes. H. D. Hughes. 104

Spanish Mackerel only 10c a fish at Williams Brothers.

Herbert Pierce, of Shields, spent Sunday with his family.

Cole's Hot Blast Soft Coal Stoves are perfect. See them at Williams Bros.

The Antioch and Hebron football teams will play here Saturday of this week.

Universally conceded—the 18c Coffee sold by Williams Bros. is a good 25-center.

Miles T. Lamey, of the Barrington Review, made this office a pleasant call on Monday.

Dr. Roy D. Williams, of Rockford, is spending a week in our village with his parents.

For Sale—A hard coal stove in good condition, and will be sold cheap. Inquire at this office. 10w4.

Elmer Gullidge, Walter Taylor and Walter Chinn, of Kenosha, were over Sunday visitors with parents and friends.

Write to Alden, Hildinger & Co., Waukegan, Ill., for prices and terms on new and used pianos and organs. 61f

Earnest Brooks, Clark Bewick and Alvin Vickers, were in attendance at the Michigan-Wisconsin football game at Chicago Saturday.

The Fox Lake Cemetery Association will meet with Mrs. Lee Nelson, Thursday forenoon, Nov. 13. Everybody invited. Mamie Barnstable, Secretary.

The Antioch dancing club will give a ball at the opera house Friday evening, Nov. 14. Music by Reichert's band of Chicago. A good time insured. Tickets 75 cts, supper 25c a person. Everybody come.

Auction—The Antioch Hillside Cemetery Society will sell at auction, to the highest bidder, the old fence that now surrounds the cemetery, on Friday, Nov. 7, 1902, at 3:30 p. m. Only cash bids accepted.

Lost—At Antioch or vicinity a receipt book belonging to the International Correspondence school of Scranton, Pa. Address A. J. Driskell, room 24, Home Bank Bldg., Elgin, Ill., for reward.

The Antioch Poultry Association will hold its annual show at Antioch on the 26 and 27th of December. A. B. Shaver has been engaged to judge the show. Breeders prepare to exhibit your stock. Remember the date. E. O. Sabin, Secretary.

While working on the sheds that are being erected in the rear of the Wilton block, Monday, Aaron Smith who was working there fell and received a severe shaking up, but fortunately no bones were broken. It will probably lay him up for some time.

For Sale or Rent—A farm containing 120 acres, good house, barn and stable for 26 head of cattle and 8 horses, good cellar, well and 1800 ft. Situated 1 mile north of Hickory and 1/2 mile east. Andrew Strahan. 8w5

The Teachers' Reading Circle meeting will be held in room No. 3, of the Antioch school building, Saturday, Nov. 8, at one o'clock, p. m. All teachers in the township are earnestly urged to be in attendance.

At the home of his daughter, Mrs. A. Williams, in Tehama, Cal., Sept. 28, 1902, occurred the death of Alfred L. Briggs, aged 83 years and 11 months. Interment at Oak Hill, Red Bluff, by the side of his wife Jane Webb Briggs. Mr. Briggs was a pioneer of Antioch township and will be remembered by many of our subscribers.

Mr. and Mrs. George W. Key and family will leave Saturday for Asheville, North Carolina, where they expect to take up their residence. They are leaving Antioch with the expectation of benefitting Mr. Key's health. They have made many friends while residents of Antioch who regret to see them go, but they carry with them to their new home the best wishes of hosts of friends who unite in wishing them success.

Alfred Elinger, who has been in the employ of J. J. Morley for the past three years, severed his connection with that establishment Saturday last. Mr. Elinger has rented the William Wedge farm, one mile east of Graylake, and will with his family, occupy the same this fall. Mr. and Mrs. Elinger will be missed by a large circle of friends who regret their departure, but they with the The News wish them success in their new field of labor.

New Dry Goods opened today at Williams Bros.

The new Air-tight Stove \$2.50 to \$4.00, at Williams Bros.

O. C. Little, of Chicago, was an Antioch visitor Saturday.

\$12.00 cash buys a fine \$15.00 overcoat at Williams Bros.

George Huber, of Chicago, was here on Monday and Tuesday.

Warm, wool-lined water-proof coats only \$3.50 at Williams Bros.

Mrs. W. F. Zeigler left on Tuesday for Waukegan where she will visit with relatives for a couple of weeks.

For Rent—A five room house in good location for rent cheap. Inquire of Mrs. John Efinger, Antioch. 91f

Mrs. Eva L. O. Harrison returned to Byron, Wis., Thursday, of last week after a week's visit with relatives in our village.

Harness, Harness—Over 30 sets in stock, ranging from \$10. to \$140. Some bargains. New double harness for \$20. Come and see. Sabin & Webb.

I am now prepared to bore tubular wells, 2 and 3 inch, on short notice. Prices reasonable. Address W. G. Hucker, Lake Villa, Ill. 324f

George Booth, of Trevor, Wis., emphatically asserts that his country home never before offered him the comforts in life which it does at the present time, it being equipped throughout with a sanitary job of modern plumbing. A new 380-bbl tank, erected 14 feet upon a stone structure, commands a view which is pleasing to the eye. This tank is the main feature of the plant and furnishes an abundance of water for stock as well as supplying plumbing fixtures at the house. George is an up-to-date financier—a promoter of public enterprise and a credit to the town of Trevor. Persons who are interested in house and home economy are welcome to investigate this plant in all its details. For further information address or call at Williams Bros., Antioch, Ill.

A very beautiful monument was erected last week at Fox Lake cemetery by Harrison Gilbert for his wife and baby. The design is very unique, and something entirely different in design from anything ever erected in Lake county before. The monument is built of a beautiful brown granite which is quarried in Sweden; it takes a beautiful polish, and being very dark in color, shows off the lettering to good advantage. The die of the monument has four beautiful carved corners and the whole is surmounted by a polished ball. It is, without doubt, one of the finest pieces of monumental work ever placed in any cemetery in Lake county. The design and workmanship is of the highest order.

The amendment to the Constitution seemed to be more understood than were the other two: "Shall the next General Assembly take the necessary steps, under article V of the Constitution of the United States, to bring about the election of United States Senator by the direct vote of the people?" For the amendment. 162 Against. 9

County vote for the Eighth Assembly District:

LYON 44344
Sheridan 4001
Stearns 1833
Mannan 20244

BOONE 22884
Sheridan 14884
Stearns 422
Mannan 970

McKENRY 4974
Sheridan 6361
Stearns 3906
Mannan 666

Chicago, Nov. 5.—Dispatches to the Associated Press up to 3:30 this morning show that the Republicans have elected 105 representatives and the Democrats 180, with eleven districts to be heard from.

Washington, Nov. 5.—At 2 a. m. Chairman Griggs, of the Democratic congressional committee, issued a statement claiming that the Democrats had elected 100 representatives.

Washington, Nov. 5.—Although the returns from the doubtful congressional districts were slow in arriving the indications at this writing are that the Republicans will control the next house of representatives by a narrow margin. In the present house, with a membership of 357, the Republicans have forty-one majority. Under the new apportionment the Fifty-eighth house will consist of 380 members, a majority of which is 191. The thirteen southern states, not counting West Virginia, but including Missouri, have 125 representatives.

Democrats Have 110 of Them 110 of the Democrats have carried all these districts and the Republicans one probably five—two in Tennessee, one in Kentucky and two in Missouri in with two in North Carolina, Virginia and one in Alabama. It is doubtful if the Democrats will be able to secure a majority in the new house.

The original suit was for the obstruction of a road in the Town of Antioch by Siedschlag; the town being represented by Heydecker and Whitney with Coon and Orris attorneys for the defendant.

Several cases are now in Circuit Court, instituted under similar circumstances to the Siedschlag suit and appeals were pending in this decision. Likely they will not now be carried up.

The case of Foot vs Lake County was also dismissed. The Foot case it will be remembered was brought about by heirs of late Treasurer Foot to recover salary as supervisor of Assessments.

Antioch Foot-ball Eleven.

The following are the names of the Antioch foot-ball team, with their positions: Bert Overton, R. E., Oliver Cubbon, R. T., Harvey Mann, R. G., Will Pittman, Center; George Wallace, L. G., Oas Hughes, L. T., Frank Haycock, L. E., Ben Van Patten, A. B., Dean Winter, N. B. B., Charles Lee, R. B., Ben Elmer, Brooks, L. B., Fred D. Jones, and a Hall, Captain. Sub. D. Jones.

REPUBLICANS TO CONTROL

The Entire State Ticket Is Elected by a Handsome Majority of 50,000

Working Majority of About 34 in the General Assembly—The Entire Lake County Ticket is Elected by a Good Majority.

Antioch Township Vote.

The vote in Antioch Tuesday was somewhat of a disappointment to those who had counted on a large vote being polled, which was no doubt due to apathy on the part of the republicans, and to the fact that the farmers are very busy and would not take the time to vote. Total number of votes cast was 303. The following table gives the entire vote as cast:

State Treasurer
Fred A. Busse, Rep. 240
Geo. Duddleston, Dem. 31
Charles Tiesberg, Pro. 8
State Superintendent Public Instruction
Alfred Bayless, Rep. 247
Anson Bliss, Dem. 29
Charles Blanchard, Pro. 5
Clerk Supreme Court
Christopher Mamer, Rep. 243
John Pickering, Dem. 31
Robert Harding, Pro. 4
Trustees of University
Mrs. Laura Evans, Rep. 244
William McKinley, 1 244
James White, Dem. 30
John Holmes Smith, Dem. 31
John Hoxton, Dem. 30
Marie C. Graham, Pro. 3
Joseph Cunningham, Pro. 3
Narcissa Akers, Pro. 3
Clerk Appellate Court, 2nd dist.
Christopher Duffy, Rep. 245
Julius Metzger, Pro. 3
Member of Congress, 10th dist.
George Edmund Foss, Rep. 248
John Elblin, Dem. 30
Matthew Parkhurst, Pro. 3
Representative, 8th dist.
Edward Shurtliff, Rep. 180
George R. Lyon, 1836
Wm Desmond, Dem. 3114
Geo. Mawman, People's 423
A. K. Stearns, Ind. 324

County Judge
Joseph Jones, Rep. 202
DeWitt James, Jr., Dem. 84
Lewis Hubbard, Pro. 5
County Clerk
Albert B. Rep. 217
Victor Sauer, Dem. 25
H. L. Greer, Pro. 5
For Sheriff
George Powell, Rep. 218
John Shedd, Dem. 9
John Orsard, Pro. 9
Grant Chamberlain, Ind. 9
County Treasurer
Lewis Price, Rep. 216
Henry Price, Dem. 8
George Strong, Pro. 6
County Superintendent Schools
Frank Gagglin, Rep. 263
George Rogers, Dem. 25

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turns indicate that this strength has been built with the exception of one seat each from Idaho, Montana and Nevada, as to which the returns at this hour are inconclusive.

Looks Like a Close House.

Adding 40 to 110 gives the Democrats 150. The Democrats show that they have made a gain of three in Pennsylvania, one in Nebraska, one in Delaware, one in Wisconsin, two in Maryland, one in Colorado, and probably four in New York, swelling the total to 178. This leaves them sixteen short of a majority, with the result in five doubtful southern districts to be heard from and doubtful districts in the north and west from which the returns are as yet inadequate, as follows: West Virginia, 2; Ohio, 1; Indiana, 2; Illinois, 2; Iowa, 1; Nebraska, 1; Kansas, 1; Minnesota, 2; Michigan, 1; California, 2; and Utah, 1, a total of 21.

Senate Republican by Sixteen.

The next United States senate will be Republican by at least sixteen majority, against the present majority of twenty. The present senate contains fifty-four Republicans and thirty-four Democrats in a total of ninety seats, there being two vacancies from Delaware, where the Republican legislature failed to elect. The terms of thirty senators expire with the present congress. There is also a vacancy from Michigan, caused by the death of Senator McMillan.

Democratic Elect 184.

Later—Returns add one Democrat in New Jersey, one in Minnesota, one in Illinois, one in Alabama and two in North Carolina, to the Democratic representation, a total of six, making the Democrats actually elected by 184. Other figures at this writing give the Republicans, 190; Democrats, 176, and independents, 3, with eleven districts in doubt.

FROM THE GREAT WESTERN STATES

Show General Republican Success at the Battle of Ballots.

New York, Nov. 5.—In spite of the phenomenally large vote in New York and Kings county for Bird S. Coler, Dem., the returns up to a late hour last night indicated the re-election of Benjamin B. Odell, Rep., to the governorship of New York state by a plurality of 11,004. Coler's plurality in the Greater New York exceeded 115,000, a surplus of 3,000 above the claim made by Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany Hall, but even that large vote was not sufficient to overcome the Republican majorities from up the state. Odell's vote in the country districts was lighter than two years ago, but Coler's was also lower than Stanchfield's in the same year.

In New York city Coler's plurality was approximately 117,500, made up as follows: New York county, 83,000; Kings county, 20,000; Queens, 5,500, and Richmond, 2,800. Figures from the congressional districts in New York city and the Long Island counties apparently show a loss of four members of the national house to the Republicans, the heavy Coler vote having carried the first nineteen districts in the state for the Democratic candidates. All returns indicate that Judge Gray, Democratic candidate for judge of the court of appeals, ran somewhat ahead of his ticket.

The Democrats made gains in the state legislature, but the gains were not sufficient to endanger the Republican hold on the seat in the United States senate now held by Thomas C. Platt.

ILLINOIS RETURNS ARE SLOW

State Is Republican by 45,000, but Some Districts Are Doubtful.

Chicago, Nov. 5.—The Republicans have carried Illinois by a plurality of about 45,000. The Republican leaders claim that they have elected Busse for state treasurer by 47,000 and Mamer for clerk of the supreme court by 45,000. The Republicans will have at least fourteen representatives in congress, as against eleven in the last congress. The Democrats are sure of nine representatives, and may secure more. The contest in the Sixth congressional district is exceedingly close and it may require the official count to determine the result. Lott was a slight lead, but Durbin was gaining slowly as the late returns came in. The election of Foss in the Ninth district is doubtful.

On terms of the election for members of the state legislature the best indication is that the Republicans will have a majority of both the senate and representatives from this county, and control the legislature. In the city of Chicago the election was full of surprises. The Republicans triumphed in Democratic strongholds and the Democrats returned the compliment in fullest measure. The head of the Republican ticket, Busse, the candidate for state treasurer, has carried the city of Chicago and county of Cook by approximately 11,000, and at the same time Barrett, the Democratic candidate for sheriff, has undoubtedly beaten the Republican nominee by about 10,000.

FAIRBANKS' ELECTION IS SURE

Republicans Carry Indiana, Including the State Legislature.

Indianapolis, Nov. 5.—Indiana went Republican yesterday by from 25,000 to 40,000. The congressional delegation remained the same—with nine Republicans and four Democrats. The legislature will be about twenty-five Republican on joint ballot, and Senator Fairbanks will be re-elected to the United States senate. This estimate is based on unofficial returns received at the headquarters of the Democrats and Republican state central committees, and from the specials received from every county in the state. Throughout the state the Republicans legislative ticket led the local candidates.

State Chairman Goodrich, of the Republican committee, said: "Latest advice indicates that our plurality in the state will not fall below 30,000 and may reach 40,000. The result on the legislative ticket is unusually gratifying. We have not less than 30,000 majority on joint ballot, controlling both houses. Secretary Kelley, of the Democratic state committee, concedes the state to the Republicans by from 25,000 to 30,000.

BLISS IS AGAIN ELECTED

He Carries Michigan by Between 30,000 and 40,000 Plurality.

Detroit, Nov. 5.—The Republicans of Michigan have elected Governor A. T. Bliss and their entire state ticket, eleven of the twelve representatives and an overwhelming majority of the members of the legislature. The vote was light throughout the state, and the Republican majority is estimated at between 30,000 and 40,000, although Republican State Chairman G. J. Diekmann insists that it will be nearer 75,000, but his statement on advice received from the various county chairmen.

Governor Bliss ran heavily behind his ticket—from 10,000 to 15,000, it is estimated. L. T. Durand, the Democratic candidate for governor, polled a correspondingly heavy vote, especially in Detroit, which he carried by from 4,000 to 6,000. All indications pointed to the election of Alfred Lucking, Dem., to congress from the First district.

HOW THE IOWA IDEA EMERGED

Falls Out of the Struggle with Probably 65,000 Republican Plurality.

Des Moines, Nov. 5.—On the basis of the precinct returns received up to this writing the Republicans have elected their state ticket by about 75,000 plurality. The reports from the congressional districts are meager. Enough has been received from the Third to indicate that Judge Birdsall, nominated by the Republicans to succeed Speaker Henderson, ran substantially with his ticket and will be elected by 4,000 to 5,000 votes over ex-Governor Foles. The returns indicate close counts in both the Sixth and the Second districts, but they are not numerous enough to base an estimate upon.

At Republican headquarters it is asserted that the Republican plurality in the state as a whole is sufficient to carry all the congressional candidates. Chairman Spence, of the Republican committee, said: "We have carried the state by at least 65,000. The figures indicate a larger plurality, but we are not claiming more at present. We have elected eleven Republican representatives."

Chairman Jackson, of the Democratic committee, said: "We are making no claims, but concede nothing." The Democratic committee did not receive returns last night.

BADGER STATE FOR LAPOLETTE

Governor Gets There with at Least 35,000 Plurality, as Claimed.

Millwaukee, Nov. 5.—Wisconsin has gone Republican by at least 35,000 plurality and Governor Robert M. La Follette and the complete state ticket is elected. The Republicans will also control the next legislature, which will elect a United States senator to succeed Spooner. In addition the election of eight representatives is certain, with probably two more, if not the entire delegation. The candidates in the Fourth, Fifth and Sixth districts are having a close run.

Chairman A. F. Worden, of the Democratic state central committee, said: "The returns thus far have been very limited but gratifying, showing substantial gains over the vote of two years ago, but are insufficient on which to make any definite statement."

BUCKEYE STATE FIGURES ARE BIG

Republicans Claim 100,000 Plurality on the State Ticket.

Columbus, O., Nov. 5.—The Repu-

licans carried Ohio yesterday by next to their highest plurality on record. Nothing above 70,000 had been predicted, but partial returns indicate that it will greatly exceed those figures. At the same time the Republicans are likely to lose a representative in congress. The present Ohio delegation consists of seventeen Republicans and four Democrats and the returns show sixteen Republicans and four Democrats elected, with the Twelfth district in doubt.

Chairman Dick said: "Returns to this hour do not change our estimate of 100,000 Republican plurality." During the campaign it was said that any reduction of the Republican plurality in Ohio would be considered a preliminary victory for Mayor Johnson over Senator Hanna in the senatorial contest of next year.

COLORADO ELECTS REPUBLICANS

Legislature Is Democratic and Teller Returns to the Senate.

Denver, Nov. 5.—Returns from the state indicate that Colorado has elected a full Republican ticket by small majorities. This is conceded by leading Democrats, though not by Chairman Smith. The Democratic congressional candidates are claimed to have run ahead of their ticket, and one or more of them may be elected.

The legislature will undoubtedly be Democratic on joint ballot, as there are seventeen Democratic hold-over senators. This insures the return of Teller to the United States senate, as he was endorsed by the Democratic state convention.

Pennsylvania.

Philadelphia, Nov. 5.—Estimates from more than half the counties in Pennsylvania outside of Philadelphia and Allegheny county show gains for the Democratic state ticket. These gains are offset, however, by heavy Republican gains in Philadelphia and Pittsburgh. The returns indicate the Republican plurality in the state of from 150,000 to 200,000. The Republicans will have an increased majority in the state senate and house, which assures the re-election of United States Senator Penrose.

Missouri's Position.

St. Louis, Nov. 5.—In several districts the fight for congress is very close, and definite results will probably not be known for hours. At Republican state headquarters it is claimed that there is a slight Republican gain in Missouri counties. At Democratic headquarters it is claimed the Democratic ticket will come to St. Louis with 15,000 to 18,000 majority, and here the Democrats have a big majority.

Connecticut.

New Haven, Conn., Nov. 5.—Returns from Connecticut indicate the election of the entire Republican ticket by pluralities ranging about 15,000, and that Connecticut will return all four representatives, Republicans, and a Republican representative at-large. The general assembly promises to be comfortably Republican, thus insuring the return to the United States senate of O. H. Platt.

Close on Governor in Nebraska.

Lincoln, Neb., Nov. 5.—Returns in Nebraska show the vote to be exceedingly close on governor, with the remainder of the Republican state ticket probably elected. The fusionists have gained a representative in the Second district—Hitchcock over Mercer—and the Republicans have probably gained in the Fourth—Hineshaw over Stark.

Rhode Island Elects Garvin.

Providence, Nov. 5.—The Republicans have undoubtedly secured full control of the senate, a majority decreased somewhat from last year in the house, and with the exception of the chief executive they have elected their state ticket. L. F. C. Garvin, Dem., defeating the Republican candidate for governor.

Minnesota Closes 20,000.

St. Paul, Minn., Nov. 5.—The entire Republican ticket has been elected in Minnesota by a plurality of certainly over 20,000 and possibly by over 30,000. The legislature is Republican in both branches. On representatives the Republicans claim the entire delegation of nine.

One Republican from Virginia.

Richmond, Va., Nov. 5.—Returns indicate the probable election of Slem, Republican, in the Ninth district. This would make the state delegation stand nine Democrats and one Republican. The vote throughout the state has been very light.

New Jersey.

Trenton, Nov. 5.—Chairman Stokes, of the Republican state committee, claims that his party has elected nine of the ten representatives in congress. Chairman Gourley, of the Democratic state committee, claims four.

North Dakota as Usual.

Fargo, N. D., Nov. 5.—North Dakota has gone Republican by about the usual majority.

Poor interest in Art. A summer loan exhibition of Japanese art at the Whitechapel Art Gallery, London, was visited by 90,000 people, chiefly of the poorer classes.

The Iron-Worker's Daughter

BY
HOWARD FORRESTER.

CHAPTER II.—(Continued.)

A young girl was caught by the belt on one of the fly-wheels. In passing, the wind drew an end of the light shawl she wore under the belt. The great wheel was revolving slowly, but all too swiftly for human eye or human hand to avert the horrible fate that threatened her. As she realized her danger, she turned involuntarily to wrench the shawl from beneath the belt. Unconsciously she completed the action that seemed to be her last; the moment she turned, the other end of the shawl was caught up. She averted her face in horror. The huge wheel remorselessly lifted her up; she felt herself hurled through the air in the loop formed by the shawl; her agonized face was turned to the horror-stricken workmen as she uttered a shriek. The shriek pierced Atherton's heart and brain. The face that was turned toward him was that of his own daughter.

The father's cry was the wall of despair. He foresaw a horrible death for his only child. The distance between them was so great he was powerless to save her. The great wheel would carry her around, drop her into the pit, lift her, catch her by her limbs, whirl her around again and again, or, without relinquishing the grip, would crush her to death. If she should be so fortunate as to drop into the bottom of the pit, the chances were she would never be brought out alive.

The workmen shouted wildly, running to the fly-wheel, and waving their hands to the engineer. Atherton never knew how he passed the rolls—whether he leaped the intervening rolls in motion between him and the wheel, or clambered over the inert rolls a little below the wheel—he only knew he was rushing headlong, madly, to his daughter's aid. Others were almost as feet footed; none were near enough to save her—she was doomed to certain death—when suddenly a figure darted with lightning rapidity from the shadow of a pile of iron beside the shafts, and a flash of time, seemingly, was beside the fly-wheel.

But before the figure came in view, many of the ironworkers had turned their faces aside in horror.

CHAPTER III.

What the workmen were looking on and the father saw they were never able to describe to their own satisfaction, or in a manner that could be easily comprehended by others.

The person who suddenly sprang to the fly-wheel reached out his left hand as the wheel brought the girl around to the end of the pit opposite that from which she had been lifted. His hand caught one of her outstretched arms as she faced him. He seemed to be holding on to her—seemed to be dragged down into the pit with her as she disappeared from view.

Piles of iron concealed them for the time being from the workmen running to the wheel. The engine had stopped, but the wheel was still revolving with the momentum acquired in its revolutions.

When Atherton and his fellow-workmen approached the wheel, they found a man lying on the ground, lifting the girl by sheer main strength out of the pit. An open penknife lay beside him, and half of the girl's shawl was under him. Just as the workmen reached him, he said the limp form of the girl on the ground.

She was in a dead faint. Her upturned face was as white as it would ever be in her coffin. The young man—it was the son of one of the mill owners—sprang to his feet, and, seeing her father, said quickly:

"She is not hurt—if some of you would bring some water. She has fainted."

Half a dozen ran for their dinner pails, and soon there was abundance of water. While Atherton with wet eyes was clapping her hands and calling upon her to open her eyes, others gathered about the young man, asking all manner of questions.

"I can scarcely tell you how I did it. I saw there was not an instant of time to lose. I either had my knife open in my hand, or opened it as I jumped to the wheel. Then I caught her with my left hand, and I knew it was life or death—clashed with my knife at the shawl, and held on to her with a steady pull. Then I found I was bound to fall into the pit with her, and just fell flat on my breast, and, sure enough, I had cut her free. I had strength enough to lift her out—but I don't believe I could do it again, boys." He said it with a conscious pride and a depth of feeling that won the admiration of all within hearing. Arthur Mayberry was anything but a "big top" in the eyes of the workmen in Star Mill. His many good qualities were appreciated by them, but the quick eye, the presence of mind, pluck and decision displayed on this occasion elevated him in their eyes to a place few could claim.

Meantime the ironworker's daughter regained consciousness. As she opened her eyes she shuddered, and would doubtless have swooned again had not her father exclaimed, as he bent over her:

"Irene! Irene!"

Slowly she opened her eyes, struggled into a sitting posture, and gazed about her wonderingly.

"It is real—I thought it was death." "Here, Irene. This is the gentleman who saved your life."

The young man her father held by the hand looked as though he would prefer to be alone. He bowed, however, and smiled as he said:

"A miss is as good as a mile."

"Yes, but she'll never be nearer eternity than she was when you caught her," said the puddler, gravely.

The knot of workmen near him nodded their heads in assent. The young girl rose, and glanced shyly at her deliverer as she pinned up her hair.

He was a very handsome fellow, possibly twenty-two or four, with very bright blue eyes, dark hair and mustache, and a graceful figure. He was trim looking, and yet, as she made a mental note, Irene Atherton realized that he was the farthest remove from a top.

On his part, Arthur Mayberry thought he had never beheld a more perfect face than Irene Atherton's. She had the clearest features that distinguish the handsomest American women from their sisters in all other lands. Her eyes alone would have been a dower of beauty. Such

beautiful brown eyes Arthur Mayberry had never looked into.

"You haven't thanked him," said the puddler, as he looked from the young man to his daughter.

"How can I, father—what are words at a time like this? My poor shawl!" she said presently, looking down at the fragment on the ground.

Her father belittled himself of the two lessons received in one day. Life was an affectionate father—his heart was bound up in his only daughter. He would have suffered his limbs to be torn asunder rather than harm should come to her.

"I hope I may never see its color again. Come, we will go home now."

The machinery of Star Mill was silent—the ironworkers were going home in groups, in twos and threes. Arthur Mayberry was walking back to the mill office, when he felt a hand on his shoulder, and a familiar voice accented him cheerily.

"You're nominated for to-morrow night, Mayberry."

"As how?" asked Mayberry, looking around with a pleasant smile.

"We've made up a little party for the concert. Count you in?"

"I'm ever so much obliged, Parker, but—"

"No excuses. You are going along. I've committed you. I told Miss Bruce I was commissioned to ask her if you could have the pleasure of her company to the concert to-morrow evening."

"Parker—you didn't. What will she think?"

"Nonsense! There's just eight of us, and you'll spoil the arrangement if you don't come."

"Look here, Parker. I've no doubt it's just as you say, but this is the last time—positively the last time. Because you are going to marry one Miss Bruce, that doesn't give you the right to dispose of my sister and me in such a way as to let you have the other sister all to yourself. I've been counting the times I've accommodated you—"

"I knew you would come. And business—awful sudden this death of Peters. Quite shook me up at first."

"That's the way with some folks. All the doctors in the world can't prevent their going off that way. Somebody was telling us his father died the same way."

Parker looked at his friend curiously, sharply.

"I hadn't heard that. It's in the family, then. People think—or have you heard the men talk about it?"

"They are all talking about Peters' death, of course."

"Even the fellows that thought Peters was a little too hard on his own people. Take 'em through and through, these workmen ain't a bad lot, Parker. The majority are all right at bottom. Do you remember how they put up for Briggs' wife—gave her over four hundred dollars. And they did a very fine thing when that little fellow was killed a year ago. Never let his mother see him till the undertaker had got the poor child into something like himself—besides attending to things the office hadn't any way of getting at."

"Yes, I suppose they'll miss Peters."

"Put all on you to-morrow evening, at seven sharp, mind."

"No! thank you. I'll permit you to go half an hour earlier, I guess."

Parker blushed.

"Well—but you'll be on hand?"

"How can I help it? You've managed it so finely again, that I must go or explain—and you know I never explain anything."

"Thanks, old fellow. When you're engaged—"

"Ever so much obliged," interrupted Mayberry with a laugh.

And thus the friends and fellow clerks parted. Not a word was said of the episode in the mill. Mayberry, usually free and unreserved, was silent. He confessed to himself when alone that, were the person chiefly concerned a man, instead of a young lady, he would have experienced no restraint in relating the peril escaped.

CHAPTER IV.

The coroner at first was averse to official action in Peters' case. The opinion of the physician was sufficient, he thought, until he received a note from one of the owners of the Star Mill. Mr. Meeker was of the opinion an inquest should be held; a concern employing so many workmen could not afford to leave any ground for speculation.

So the jury was got together, duly sworn, repaired in a body to Mr. Peters' house, where they viewed the remains in silence, and then retired solemnly to a neighbor's office, placed at their disposal, where the witnesses appeared before them.

The first witness called was Daniel Atherton, the puddler. This ironworker looked unusually grave. His manner was collected, his tones measured as he gave

his testimony. Mr. Meeker was present. He was talking to Atherton in a low tone when the jury entered the office.

"There is no use giving out to the world that Peters was in a passion when he fell," he said. "You see, while it is true, it will only create an erroneous impression. The papers will publish it, and in such a way that it may do Peters injustice and pain his relatives. Here is a man dead, with nothing against him so far, until the idea gets out all at once he was a passionate, bawling sort of a fellow—and that robs him of his people of sympathy. I think, if I were you, I'd confine myself to answers, instead of volunteering a statement."

And there was Gripp, very solemn, and as silent as the grave. This silence exasperated the ironworker. He was inclined to tell all that passed, and in the order in which the incidents occurred, if for no other reason than to show his disregard of Mr. Gripp's suggestions.

But when he stood up before the jury, his kinder nature asserted itself, as often happened with him, and thus he laid the foundation for future trouble, kindness and a disposition to oblige other does.

Instead of relating all that happened the previous day, he simply answered such questions as were propounded by the coroner.

"Yes, he had met Mr. Peters about ten minutes before he was stricken down. He met him in the mill yard. They were talking about one of the furnaces when he was seized. There was one other present, Mr. Gripp, who was in the room. Mr. Peters fell so suddenly neither could prevent his falling. The mark on the back of his head was caused by a large piece of iron. His head struck it as he fell."

The jury looked at the coroner, then at the floor. At this point, the blundering juror popped up, as he invariably does in the wrong place. A stolid-looking man desired to ask Mr. Atherton "just one question."

"About that lump of metal," he said, "or piece of metal—if Mr. Peters had attended to his business, looked after everything as he'd order have done, do you think that piece of metal would have been where it was? And if it hadn't been there—well, maybe he'd be living yet."

"You needn't answer that question," said the coroner. "It isn't pertinent. There is no object in it."

All the jurors looked at the blundering juror man reprovingly. Then Mr. Gripp was sworn. Mr. Gripp's testimony was much shorter than the puddler's. It was corroborative.

"That is about all, gentlemen," said the coroner. "I will leave you now for a few minutes to prepare your verdict. Here are pen, ink and paper."

Then Mr. Meeker, accompanied by Gripp, Atherton and the coroner, stepped

lost your life bringing me that mess of lies, I'd—"

The ironworker clenched his hands. His mouth grew hard, and the crown on his face became deeper.

"I thought it was something about the Amalgamated Association—something it would save you trouble to know by taking it to you before you were through your work—I was so hurried I never thought of it until this morning after you went out."

"Well—one warnin' enough. Now, after this, no matter if I leave my dinner-pail, you must never come to the mill again. The fright you gave me yesterday has made me feel ten years older. I thought when your mother died nothing could ever shake me again; but you did you shook me worse yesterday."

"It was a awful—awful, father."

"So you'll never set foot in the mill again, mind. If you can't send, wait till I come home."

"I'll never go again."

(To be continued.)

Could Not Forgive Him.

"Forgive him!" exclaimed the great orator. "No, sir. There are some things that a man can never forgive. If it were only an ordinary quarrel, I could forgive him; if we had had a stand-up-and-knock-down fight I could forgive him; if he had slandered me I might forget it, but some things a man cannot forgive, however hard he may try."

"Did you ever have a political argument with him?" asked the great politician. "No; we were both on the same side." Both fell in love with the same girl? Inquired the young lover. "No; he never knew the girl I married."

"Tried to get the better of you by underhand means in some business transaction, possibly?" suggested the business man. "Not so. I never had any business dealings with him. I'll tell you what it was, though. I was making a speech one night—it was the effort of my life—and he was present. I had worked in some heroics and had come to pathos. I could see that he carried the audience with me as I told the little story I had interpolated to illustrate the point I was making. There was hardly a sound in the vast auditorium. I could see that the people were hanging on every word, every syllable that I uttered. At that moment—the very moment of my triumph—" "Well?" asked the others together, as he hesitated. "At that moment this man yelled, 'Loud!'"—Wichita Eagle.

A Cure for Stage Fright.

It was graduating night for the piano class, and the pupils of the Conservatory were very much excited. All were nervous, some on the verge of tears.

"Pie! pie!" exclaimed the elocution teacher, as she entered the room. "What do you mean by all this nonsense? I have a remedy in my room that will set you right in a moment. I will give each of you a dose just before you are ready to play, but you must each promise not to tell the others what it is."

As each pupil emerged smiling from the elocution teacher's room, went on to the platform, and came back saying, "I never felt the least bit frightened," great curiosity was expressed as to what this wonderful remedy could be. It was very simple—she only slapped their backs and shoulders with the palms of her hands, alternating right and left. The slaps grew faster and harder, until the poor victim could scarcely bear it; yet as the blood went tingling through the veins there was such exhilarating effect that each one felt impelled to endure "just a little more," until the teacher sent them off laughing to the delightful task of playing their graduating piece, which all of them did with honor to themselves and to their teachers.

A Few Conundrums.

What has only one foot? A stockling.

How do bees dispose of their honey? They cell it.

What game do the waves play at? Pitch and toss.

What soup would cannibals prefer? A broth of a boy.

What sort of men are always above board? Chessmen.

Who is the oldest lunatic on record? Time out of mind.

When is a man more than a man? When he is beside himself.

What is a muf? Something that holds a lady's hand and doesn't squeeze it.

When is a clock on the stair dangerous? When it runs down and strikes one.

Why is a pig in the kitchen like a house on fire? The sooner it's out the better.—New York World.

Story Would Not Stick.

A self-styled hero of the Boer war, a Captain Jean Winkler, has come to grief at Zurich.

He was making a good thing out of the sympathetic Swiss, for he had lost an arm at Ladysmith, and bore the scars of many honorable wounds. But unkind police made inquiries.

Captain Winkler winkles no more. He is in prison. He lost his arm by jumping from a train to escape from wardens, and in Holland has been convicted of over twenty criminal offenses. He has passed twenty years of his life not on battle fields, but in prison.—London Express.

The First Known Coin.

It is copper, known coin is Chinese. It is copper, and specimens weighing from one to five pounds and supposed to date from a period at least 2,000 years before Christ are still in existence.

Many mistakes are due to a man's effort to say while the sun shines.

The first problem that confronts a baby is how to make crying pay.



Farm Conventions.

The first of the illustrations shows how a low down wagon may be made for handling silage corn, or for drawing green corn fodder, or corn that is not husked, or anything of that character, from the Wisconsin Experiment Station report. The second cuts show how ladders may be made that are convenient for picking apples. The last representation represents a sort-

ing table, or chute for sorting apples. Apples should not be piled upon the ground after picking, but should at once be placed on a sorting table like this and run off into barrels and headed up at once. The upper end of this chute should be higher than the lower end. The last two illustrations are from the Minnesota Horticulturist.

Planting Wind Breaks.

In many sections a wind-break would be a decided advantage on nearly all farms, and if one is located where small evergreen trees may be had near by, from the woods, for example, they may be transplanted now with but little loss, and especially so if in sections where the rainfall has been copious during the summer. This is the period of root growth with evergreens, so that if the young tree is properly handled it will live. Select a cloudy day for transplanting the trees, and have the holes ready for them before digging the trees. If the ground around the young trees is not moist, pour a pail of water slowly around the roots before digging. Then dig carefully down, so that the tree may be taken up with a mound of soil adhering to the roots. Place it in the hole prepared, all in with the earth, working carefully around exposed roots and covering them well, press the soil down firmly until the hole is three-quarters full; then pour in water in sufficient quantity to thoroughly wet the roots; a half hour later fill the hole to the level of the surrounding surface with soil, and press down firmly. Large trees, in small numbers, may be successfully transplanted in the manner advised.

Big Arkansas Pears.

The St. Louis Chronicle a few days ago published a picture of a Duchess pear grown with six others on one twig in Illinois, and sent to that office. It was a wonderful evidence of the fruit development of Illinois and attracted general attention. Now comes Arkan-

sas with a claim that Illinois cannot outshine Arkansas. Another box of pears was received from G. M. Settlement at Cherry Valley, Ark., containing a twig to which were clinging ten big pears, being three more than the twig from the Illinois tree. The ten pears weighed seven pounds and five ounces.

Mutton and Wool.

It is surprising how many people are still thinking that the mission of the sheep is to grow wool, says an exchange. Many are abandoning sheep, says a writer in the Ohio Farmer, just because wool is low, and going into cattle and hogs because beef and pork are high. The fact that mutton is also high and that a pound of mutton can be produced at less cost than a pound of beef and about as cheaply as a pound of pork, and that whatever wool is produced is additional gain, is lost sight of.

Sunday on the Farm.

Sunday on the farm is regarded as a day when members of the families may draw near to one another. It may be regarded as the "home" day of the week. It is a good practice to finish the work of the little children on Sunday.

The Apple Crop.

The apple crop could be made much more profitable if better care were taken of the inferior fruit. Much of the crop that falls prematurely could be utilized in the manufacture of cider, which in turn can be disposed of in the form of vinegar at a reasonable profit. Wormy fruit should be fed to farm animals, more especially hogs, as they not only have a feeding value, but handling them in this way tends to lessen the number of insects in the future. Many persons make the mistake of leaving their orchard down to a tough sod. In the marketing of fruit careful sorting is always profitable. In the picking season such apples as become bruised may be dried and sold at a profit if not manufactured into cider. Apples are exceedingly healthy and should be used even to a greater extent than is now the case.

For a Stubborn Horse.

George Becker of Platt County, Illinois, sends Iowa Homestead a sketch of a device he has used for holding a horse that has become stubborn and hard to control by the bit. The lines are passed through rings of the bridle bits and snapped to either the haume ring or the gag ring of the bridle. This gives the driver purchase on the horse and the slightest pull will have a great deal of effect on the actions of the horse. Almost any person can hold a bad horse by this method, Mr. Becker says.

Increasing Use of Corn Fodder.

A census bulletin report that in Indiana in 1899, 33,039 farms used 501,770 tons of cornstalks for forage. Ohio came next, with 32,058 farms, using 503,149 tons. The other big corn producing States used far less and thus permitted a large portion of their corn crop to go to waste. Since 1890 the amount of corn fodder used has greatly increased, but there are no statistics of the amount at hand.

Celery for the Market.

For market purposes it is best to grow but two or three varieties of celery and build up a trade for a uniform product. The northern growers, for the most part, plant White Plume and Golden Self Blanching for summer and fall marketing, and those who make a practice of storing also plant some such variety as Giant Solid.

Farm Notes.

The importance of using plenty of seed may be mentioned from the fact that only 30 per cent germinates on the average. The conditions of the soil, kind of seed, its age and depth of the planting must be considered, but the rule to be observed is to use rather more seed than too little.

An excellent time to select seed corn is when it is being husked. All seed corn should be kept in a dry place, and if hung up where the air can circulate through it so much the better. In some sections seed corn is injured in winter by severe cold, but this danger is not so great if the seed is kept dry.

It is not a bad plan for any farmer to have some specialty aside from his regular crops, if he is not too short for help. Among the things to be suggested is a small area in some one fruit would be within reach of all. This would afford a profit in the majority of seasons, and every now and then comes a year when a fruit crop is worth a very handsome sum.

When the crops are removed from the garden burn the ground over so as to destroy the weeds and seeds. It may then be plowed and seeded to rye if not too late in the season at the time, the rye to be plowed under in the spring. The object should be to avoid having weeds in the garden so as to render the work less difficult during the busy season, and if this matter is carefully attended to there will be no weeds to kill in two or three seasons.

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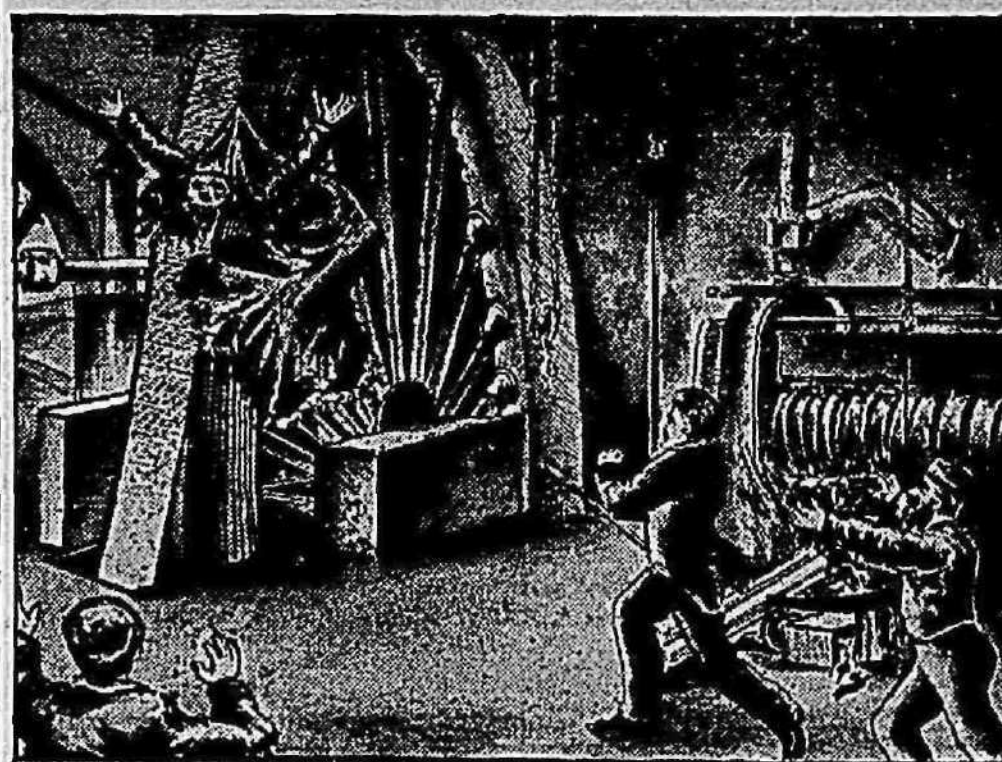
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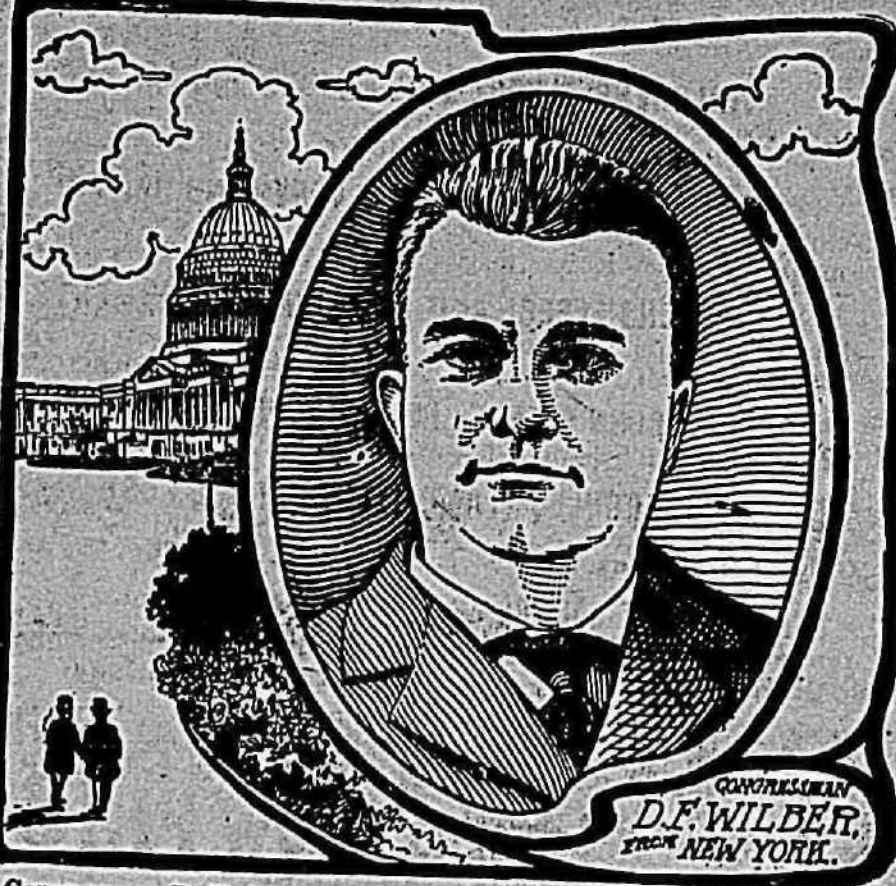


THE HUGE WHEEL REMORSELESSLY LIFTED HER UP.

CONGRESSMAN WILBER SAYS

[To The Pe-ru-na Medicine Co., of Columbus, O.]

"Pe-ru-na is All You Claim For It."



Congressman D. F. Wilber, of Oneonta, N. Y., writes:

The Peru-na Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio:

Gentlemen:—"Persuaded by a friend, I have tried your remedy and I have almost fully recovered after the use of a few bottles. I am fully convinced that Peru-na is all you claim for it, and I cheerfully recommend your medicine to all who are afflicted with catarrhal trouble."—David F. Wilber.

Peru-na a Preventive and Cure for Colds.

Mr. C. F. Given, Sussex, N. B., Vice-President of "The Pastime Boating Club," writes:

"Whenever the cold weather sets in I have for years past been very sure to catch a severe cold which was hard to throw off, and which would leave after-effects on my constitution the most of the winter.

"Last winter I was advised to try Peru-na, and within five days the cold was broken up and in five days more I was a well man. I recommended it to several of my friends and all speak the highest praise for it. There is nothing like Peru-na for catarrhal affections. It is well nigh infallible as a cure, and I gladly endorse it."—C. F. Given.

A Prominent Singer Saved From Loss of Voice.

Mr. Julian Weiss, 175 Seneca street, Buffalo, N. Y., is corresponding secretary of the Sangerist, of New York; he is the leading second bass of the Sangerist, the largest German singing society of New York and also the oldest.

Mrs. Austin's Buckwheat is the real thing; gives you the real genuine old buckwheat flavor. Be sure and get the genuine.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children soothes the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. It costs a bottle.

Mrs. Austin's famous Buckwheat makes the finest Buckwheat cakes. Ready in a moment. Ask for it. Refuse substitutes.



Nursing Mothers

Your child is sure to be healthy—cross and irritable—if your own stomach, liver or kidneys are deranged. Regular doses of

Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin

restores your own health, and promotes the health and growth of your child. Doctors recommend Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin to mothers and expectant mothers.

50c and \$1.00 Bottles All Druggists

FREE SAMPLE and Book, "The Story of a Travelling Man" for the asking.

PEPSIN SYRUP CO., Monticello, Ill.

7% INVESTMENT

The Preferred Stock of the **W. L. Douglas Shoe Co.** Capital Stock, \$2,000,000. \$1,000,000 Preferred Stock.

Shares, \$100 each. Sold at Par.

Only Preferred Stock offered for sale.

W. L. Douglas retains all Common Stock.

Why invest your money at 4% or 4 1/2% when the W. L. Douglas Preferred Stock pays 7% and is a thoroughly safe investment?

Every dollar of stock is backed by the assets of the W. L. Douglas Shoe Company, the largest shoe company in the world.

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WILL PROPHECY BE VERIFIED?

Made a Century Ago, Its Fulfillment Is Now Probable.

Nearly a century ago a government engineer prophesied that at some time a great manufacturing city and industrial center would be built on the strip of land cut off of what is now Illinois and Indiana territory by the Calumet river. It begins to look as if his prediction would be realized, for half a million dollars is being expended in creating one of the finest harbors on Lake Michigan.

The story of the prophecy is told and vouched for by A. F. Knott, formerly a representative in the Indiana Legislature and now Mayor of the city of Hammond. Some years ago Mr. Knott appeared before the river and harbor committee of the House of Representatives at Washington asking for an appropriation to deepen and widen Wolf river, the inlet from Lake Michigan to Wolf lake. In his speech before the committee he related an incident which he claims is a matter of history, in referring out which he spent many hours while in Washington. An engineer was sent to the West with instructions to look up a site for

a fort to be located on Lake Michigan.

He first visited the Calumet region, and in a voluminous report favored as a site a portion of land on Wolf river. One of the advantages mentioned in the report was that the Calumet region was really, as a matter of fact, at the head of Lake Michigan, while the Chicago river is at the west side of it.

It is related, however, that the engineer afterward visited the vicinity of Chicago river and there met the daughter of a French trader. He sought her hand in marriage. The trader, however, being aware of the mission of the engineer, induced him to change his report in favor of the location of the fort on the Chicago river. Axious to please his prospective father-in-law as well as to be near his fiancée, he changed his report, and, as a result, Fort Dearborn was established at the mouth of the Chicago river, instead of on the Wolf, as originally recommended.

TREKKING TO THE WEST.

Colonists flock to the Great Domain Beyond the Mississippi.

A Chicago paper the other day contained an interesting story of a migration to the West. During the months of September and October between 40,000 and 60,000 colonists have departed for the great domain beyond the Mississippi and the Missouri. Some of these people have sought the Pacific coast, some the Southwest, others the Northwest. The movement of homeseekers and settlers has never been so great in the history of western railroads.

It is due, of course, like the great migration of twenty years ago, to the opportunities which the West offers to the land hungry, and also to encouraging reports on the profits from grain raising and cattle raising. Naturally, too, the boom has had the effect of enhancing land values. In South Dakota, for example, there has been a notable increase in the price of land for farms, and owing to the new influx of people and the resulting general activity prices of town realty have an upward tendency also. There is an old-time rush and excitement in the market.

Curiously enough there has been at the same time a considerable emigration into Canada over the Northwest border. Such glowing stories have been told out with the idea of acquiring larger holdings across the line with the proceeds of the sale. The country seems to be possessed with a veritable trekking fever.

During the prevalence of such a fever serious risks are always taken, and they are too often followed by disastrous consequences, but there can be no doubt that the whole of the inland territory, from the habitable north to the extreme south, is capable of sustaining a population many times as large as that by which it is now inhabited. The pity, the paper says, is that its attractions do not check the insane trend toward great cities which comes from a worse fever than the one which leads to a more hopeless disillusionment.

Sparks from the Wires.

Train killed Policeman Owen, Chicago.

Troupe, Texas, was scorched for \$100,000.

Storage battery men may combine their interests.

G. E. O'Brien, St. Louis, was killed by a train, Chicago.

Police of Lorient, France, struck more than 400 hours.

Walter Crane, 45, Marquette, died of apoplexy.

John Henry Wilson, 102, died of heart failure.

He was the oldest war veteran in the State.

Fireman Taylor killed in St. Louis.

Strained S. Rose, 62, former minister of Pennsylvania, died.

Mr. Van Hook died in St. Louis.

Col. J. C. Moore, newly married, died in St. Louis.

San Diego, Cal., was the scene of a fire.

and veteran of the war.

THE CHILDREN ENJOY

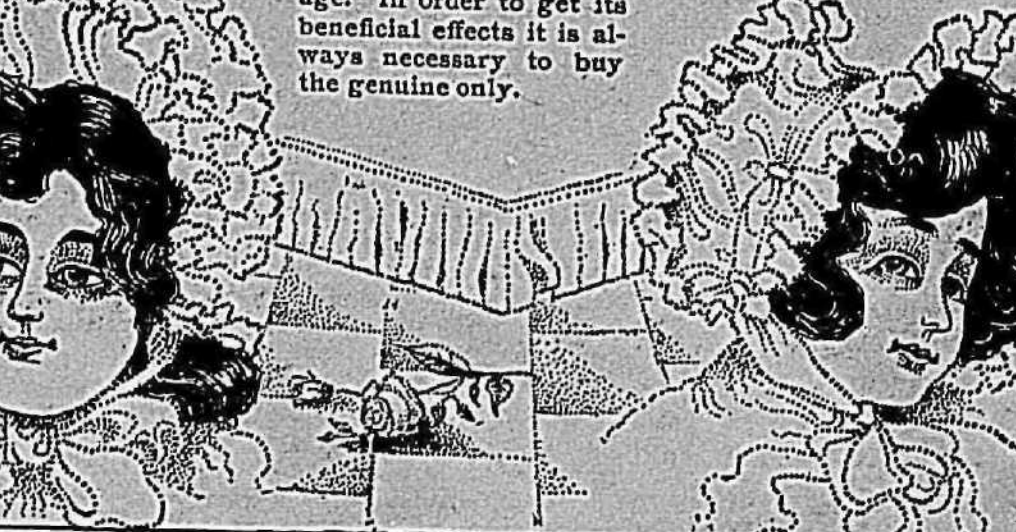
Life out of doors and out of the games which they play and the enjoyment which they receive and the efforts which they make, comes the greater part of that healthful development which is so essential to their happiness when grown. When a laxative is needed the remedy which is given to them to cleanse and sweeten and strengthen the internal organs on which it acts, should be such as physicians would sanction, because its component parts are known to be wholesome and the remedy itself free from every objectionable quality. The one remedy which physicians and parents, well-informed, approve and recommend and which the little ones enjoy, because of its pleasant flavor, its gentle action and its beneficial effects, is Syrup of Figs—and for the same reason it is the only laxative which should be used by fathers and mothers.

Syrup of Figs is the only remedy which acts gently, pleasantly and naturally without griping, irritating, or nauseating and which cleanses the system effectually, without producing that constipated habit which results from the use of the old-time cathartics and modern imitations, and against which the children should be so carefully guarded. If you would have them grow to manhood and womanhood, strong, healthy and happy, do not give them medicines, when medicines are not needed, and when nature needs assistance in the way of a laxative, give them only the simple, pleasant and gentle—Syrup of Figs.

Its quality is due not only to the excellence of the combination of the laxative principles of plants with pleasant aromatic syrups and juices, but also to our original method of manufacture and as you value the health of the little ones, do not accept any of the substitutes which unscrupulous dealers sometimes offer to increase their profits. The genuine article may be bought anywhere of all reliable druggists at fifty cents per bottle. Please to remember, the full name of the Company—

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.—is printed on

the front of every package. In order to get its beneficial effects it is always necessary to buy the genuine only.



The Youth's Companion

will give its readers during 1903

6 Serial Stories, each a book in itself.

50 Special Articles contributed by Famous Men and Women.

200 Timely Editorial Articles on Public and Domestic Questions.

250 Short Stories by the most popular of Living Story-Writers.

1000 Short Notes on Current Events, Science and Natural History.

2000 Amusing Anecdotes, Poems and Sketches.

Annual Subscription Offer

Every New Subscriber for 1903 who will cut out this slip and send it at once with name, address and \$1.75 will receive:

FREE—All the issues of The Youth's Companion for the remaining months of 1903.

The Thanksgiving, Christmas and New Year's Double Numbers.

The Youth's Companion Calendar for 1903, lithographed in twelve colors and gold.

And The Companion for the fifty-two weeks of 1903—a library of the best reading for every member of the family.

Announcement of the 1903 Volume and Sample Copies of the Paper sent Free.

THE YOUTH'S COMPANION, BOSTON, MASS.

Pain Won't Trouble You

Only Keep a Bottle of

MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT

IN THE HOUSE.

For SIXTY YEARS it has Proved the BEST LINIMENT for MAN or BEAST.

WOMEN'S APPAREL

A Special Catalogue Free



Write today for our Special Catalogue, illustrated, showing a large line of the very latest styles in women's wearing apparel, consisting of furs, cloaks, tailor-made suits, skirts, cloth and silk waists, and everything that any woman could want. Both our ready-made and made-to-order garments give perfect satisfaction at a price far below what you would pay elsewhere. Our plan, adopted 81 years ago, of selling direct to you, saving dealers' profits, enables us to do this.

Just a postal sent today will bring this splendid catalogue to any address outside of Chicago or Cook County. Address

MONTGOMERY WARD & CO., Chicago

NOTE—Our completely equipped dress-making organization enables us to make garments to your order with a certainty of fitting you properly. Prices very moderate. MONTGOMERY WARD & CO.

THE NEWS.

A REPUBLICAN NEWSPAPER.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY
A. B. JOHNSON, - Publisher
By Mail, One Dollar Per Year, in Advance.
THE NEWS Guarantees a Larger Circulation in Western Lake County, than Any Paper Published in the State.

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS.

A great deal of nonsense has been published by the democratic press in regard to the recent purchase of bonds authorized by Secretary Shaw, including statements which clearly demonstrated that the editors or correspondents did not know what they were talking about. When the Secretary of the Treasury desires to purchase bonds he must do so on the market and at the market price. It would be useless for him to offer for them or even any price materially less than the market. They are held by private individuals who would not part with them at a sacrifice and whom he has no way of compelling to sell. Secretary Shaw paid 137 1/2 for what bonds he purchased and the market then and since has ranged from 137 1/2 to 138 1/2 asked. At the price which the Secretary paid for the 1925 4 per cent bonds, the government saves 1.952, more than it could possibly earn on bonds of earlier maturity which could be purchased for a lower premium. Two other objects were served, however, by the purchase of these bonds. The larger premium paid enabled the Secretary to release a larger amount of money from the Treasury than would have been the case had the purchase consisted of bonds of earlier maturity and further there are practically none of these bonds deposited as security for bank notes, and therefore, their purchase did not operate to curtail the volume of circulation.

Secretary Hay has taken a determined stand against arbitrating the Alaska boundary discussion with Great Britain and rightly. He says that when the United States purchased Alaska from Russia it purchased the specific rights embodied in a treaty effected between Russia and Great Britain in 1825. That treaty definitely placed the boundary now involved in the controversy, at three leagues from the sea, which the United States interprets to mean thirty miles from tide water. The Canadian officials, however, are active in bringing to light every story of an old boundary, mission, etc., with a view to complicating the issue and befogging the essential point. Unfortunately the American officials occasionally err in this direction, at least they have in the past, as is witnessed in the authorization of expedition on which Lieutenant George T. Emmons, U. S. A. retired, embarked and in the progress of which he discovered numerous land marks, an account of which he is now making the subject of an official report. From an ethnological standpoint Lieutenant Emmons' discoveries are doubtless interesting but from the standpoint of the State Department they are valueless.

Secretary Moody's statement, made at Lawrence, Mass., that the duty of Anthracite coal must be repealed at the first opportunity confirms the predictions made in these letters some time ago, that the President would advocate such removal. The President believes that it will be possible to alter such individual schedules of the tariff as may be imperative without the general revision threatened by the democrats, and which would serve to unsettle business throughout the country.

The election on Tuesday was an endorsement of President Roosevelt and his administration by the people of the west and northwest, and the great state of Illinois is Republican by 50,000 majority. Congress will have a working majority of 20, while the state general assembly on joint ballot will be 34. The county Republican ticket is elected. In the general assembly, from this, the eighth district, Lyon, Shirliff and Desmond are elected.

Borgia's Later Years.
In the National Library of Florence an Italian historian has found a document which contains many interesting and hitherto unknown facts in regard to the latter years of the famous Lucrezia Borgia.

According to it, she took the veil and joined the congregation of the "Brothers and Sisters of Penitence," which is better known under the name of "Tertiaries of the Order of St. Francis." She received the veil from the vicar-general, Ludovico de la Torre, and Giovanni Gonzaga wrote to her uncle that during the last ten years of her life she wore a penitential shirt. She died in 1518 and was buried in the robes of her order.—New York Herald.

Publisher's Secrets Divulged.
Haron Tauchnitz, the German publisher, has made an interesting confession. When the suggestion was made to him that his terms to writers might be improved upon he answered by showing that the circulation of books published by him is much smaller than is generally supposed. A sale of 8,000 copies is fair and 5,000 is very good, while a circulation of 10,000 has been obtained only in six cases out of 800 in the last ten years.

Water-Diet to Cure Disease.
By subsisting solely upon water for thirty-seven days P. Bloem, an attorney of Erie, Pa., claims to have cured himself of catarrh and kidney complaint which had been pronounced chronic by the doctors.

HAD LIFE OF ADVENTURE.

Death of Mail Carrier in Early Days of Australia.

There has just died in a suburb of Melbourne an old Irishman of ninety, who could have supplied novelists with material for a score of stories of adventures. His name was John Burke, and away back in the thirties, when Australia was only a penal settlement, ruled in Draconian fashion by military officers, and long before the discovery of gold revolutionized the great southern continent, he was the man who carried the mails between Melbourne and Sydney. There were no roads or railways then. It was wild bush for most of the 500 miles, and Burke had to rely entirely on horses to carry out his contract. Once, having lost his horse, he rode 100 miles on the back of a cow—a feat that only an ingenious Irishman could accomplish. His adventures with blacks, floods, brush fires, bush-rangers and runaway convicts were innumerable. There is a crudely-written manuscript of his setting forth some of them in the Sydney public library.

PENS MENTIONED IN BIBLE.

Various References Made to Implements of Writing.

The earliest references to pens (says "Great Thoughts") are probably those in the Bible, and are to be found in Judges v. 14, I Kings xli. 8, Job xix. 24, and Isaiah viii. 1. But these chiefly refer to the iron stylus which cut out the characters in the tablets of limestone or soapstone. There is a reference to pen and ink in the third Epistle of John xlii. 5, which was written about A. D. 85, and as pens made in brass and silver were used in the Greek and Roman Empires at that time, it is probable that a metallic pen or reed was alluded to. In the Far East, and perhaps in Egypt, the camel's hair pencil was substituted for metal implements, but the quills of geese and crows were discovered to be more useful than either the reed or brush, and were introduced, it is thought, about A. D. 56.

THE MATTER OF AGE.

Kansas Journal Reads Riot Act to Flippant Writers.

In a dispatch from a Missouri town a bride of 62 is spoken of as "aged." Will reporters and correspondents never learn that women do not enjoy that sort of thing? Nor men either, for that matter. In the first place, a woman is not aged at 62. She is in fact—particularly if she has sufficient enterprise to get married—twenty years from being aged. In these times of comfortable and enlightened living the world is full of spry, chipper octogenarians who would not thank anybody for calling them old or even venerable. A man is as old as he feels and a woman as she looks. Why not let it go at that and leave off all officious and impertinent adjectives until the subject is dead and knows nothing about them?—Kansas City Star.

Writer Moved to Protest.

Mrs. Burton Harrison gives voice to this well-meant sentiment: "I believe women should take more interest in politics and talk more about it at home." Nay, lady. We have heard women talk politics at home, or rather talk at politics, and we are not for it and it is not for us. Perhaps there might be a little chamber up aloft where the ladies may discuss politics among themselves, but the cheery family reunion at nightfall should never be marred by political discussion with madame or mademoiselle as one of the disputants. Great heavens, lady; is there not trouble enough in married life as it is?—Roswell Field in Chicago Post.

The Real Russian Autocrat.

A correspondent describes M. De Witte, the great Russian statesman, as a man of striking personality. Tall, heavy and strong, his frame has successfully withstood the ravages of hard and incessant work, and at the age of 53 he is still in good health. He is not an attractive man. His manner is cold, his deportment stiff and awkward and his speech slow and unpolished. It is for this reason that he is unpopular among the Russian aristocracy, whose manners betoken the French courtier and whose actions are quite abhorrent to M. De Witte.

Injunction Didn't Work.

Way down East a young man "paid his attentions" to a girl in her teens. Papa objected. Young folks wanted permission to marry. Papa refused. Not only did he refuse his consent, but he went to the court house and got one of those terrible things, "government by injunction," and tried to scare the young people with it. The young man had the price of two railroad fares to a neighboring state, and the two young folks are now one young couple. Papa has his weapon, but the young man has his daughter. There are some cases where "government by injunction" won't work.

Future Newspaper.

What will the newspaper of the future be like? Mr. Victor Murdoch, addressing the Kansas Editorial association, declared that within forty years the daily newspaper in large cities would be issued in a series of editions, each being devoted to one kind of news. In each city there would be only one paper, and a single corporation would control the papers everywhere. Political information would be given mainly in the form of authentic interviews with public men; but the paper as a whole would have no political bias.—London Express.

WATERSPOUT AT CLOSE RANGE.

British Ship Has Narrow Escape From Complete Destruction.

Capt. Ferguson of the British steamship Hestia was passing Hatteras, when he observed several waterspouts in process of formation at a distance of 300 to 400 yards to windward. The largest one, which was completely formed, was bearing directly down on the ship and it was impossible to change the course to avoid it. The captain sent all hands below and himself sought a place of safety. A deafening roar was heard when the spout struck the ship and this was quickly followed by strong wind gusts. The captain returned to the deck in time to see two tarpaullins and a plank eight feet long by ten inches wide high in the air and his log line, with the log attached, extended straight up into the air for a distance of forty feet. No real harm was done to the vessel, but there was a distinct feeling of relief when the incident was closed and ordinary plain sailing again resumed.

Notice of Sale.

By virtue of a certain lien now on file in the office of the Circuit Court for feed and labor bestowed at the request of the owner, Alfred E. Case, by Frank W. Smith, against a certain Black Colt known as Sunday, described as follows: Four years old, 15 hand and 2 inches high, weight 900 pounds; jet black except two white hind feet. Public notice is hereby given that I will expose the above described colt for sale at public vendue as by law in such case made and provided, on the Tenth day of November, A. D. 1902, in front of Simons & Sablin's hotel barn, in the village of Antioch, in Lake County and State of Illinois. Dated this 29th day of October, A. D. 1902. 9w2 F. W. SMITH.

Auction Sales.

The undersigned will sell at auction, 2 miles southwest of Bristol, Tuesday, Nov. 11th, at 9 o'clock sharp, the following property: 139 head of cattle—64 head of graded Durham cows, all young; 6 steers coming two years old, 13 yearling steers, 14 yearling heifers, 40 head of calves, 4 head of young bull calves, registered Short-horn bull coming two years old, 1 graded bull 2 years old. 6 horses—bay team coming 8 and 9 years old, weight 1300 pounds; span of grey mares 6 and 7 years old, span of mares 10 and 11 years old. 54 head of breeding ewes, 60 head of yearling ewes, 60 head of lambs, all Shropshire; 14-year-old registered Shropshire buck, 6 buck lambs; 3 sows, 5 shoats, 5 pigs, 75 chickens, 15 turkeys, ducks and geese; 1 McCormick grain binder, McCormick corn harvester, used part of one season; 1 Deering mower, 6-foot cut; one 11-foot Deering hay rake; Buckeye broadcast seeder, 11-foot; 1 sod cutter, corn planter, 2 riding cultivators, 2 sets drags, walking cultivator, two truck wagons, 1 spring wagon, 2 walking mows, 1 3/4 gang plow, Case; 3 sets double work harness, set double driving harness, single driving harness, 1 double carriage, and other articles; 60 tons of tame hay. Household furniture—Two heating and one cook stove, and other goods. Luncheon at noon. Terms—Sums under \$20 cash, over that amount 12 months time with interest at 6 per cent per annum. C. M. Bishop, John Hunt, auctioneer, proprietor. Two Farms of 800 acres each, for sale or rent.

LOCAL MARKET REPORT.

Oats—	50c
Corn—70 lbs. ear—	50c
Hay—	\$6.00 @ \$10.00
MILL FEED.	
Bran—	\$16.00
Middlings—	20.00
Glutens—	20.00
Oil Meal, per 100 lbs—	1.75
Chicken Feed Wheat—	1.25
HOGS.	
Hogs—Live weight—	\$6.25
Hogs—Dressed—	8.50
POULTRY.	
Turkeys—	9c
Ducks—	8c
Geese—	8c
Chickens—Live weight—	8c

THE DORF'S BLACK DRAUGHT THE GREAT FAMILY MEDICINE

The Dorf's Black-Draught has saved doctors' bills for more than sixty years. For the common family ailments, such as constipation, indigestion, hard colds, bowel complaints, chills and fever, biliousness, headaches and other like complaints no other medicine is necessary. It invigorates and regulates the liver, assists digestion, stimulates action of the kidneys, purifies the blood, and purges the bowels of foul accumulations. It cures liver complaint, indigestion, sour stomach, dizziness, chills, rheumatic pains, sideache, backache, kidney troubles, constipation, diarrhoea, biliousness, piles, colds and headache. Every family should have The Dorf's Black-Draught in 25 cent packages and 1/2 dollar month size for \$1.00. Never accept a substitute. Insist on having the original made by the Chattanooga Medicine Company.

I believe The Dorf's Black-Draught is the best medicine on earth. It is good for every ailment and every family should have it. I have used it for years and I have never known it fail. I have used it with my family and with my patients and I have never known it fail. A. J. GREEN, M.D., Chicago, Ill.

TEN MEN AND A SAFE.

How Life Insurance Records Are Guarded in America.

In the sub-basement of one of our big life insurance companies is a safe so large that a theatrical company might perform therein. There are three doors, the combinations of whose locks are controlled by ten men. Each man, a high official of the company, is an integral part of the integral whole. In instance: Five men are required to open the outer door, each knowing a fifth part of the combination, is followed in turn by B, C, D and E, when the bolt may be moved in the same manner the second door is opened by three men in combination, and the third by two, in the latter case each being in combination with one or more of the other eight on the outer and second doors. The safe is regarded as safe.—New York Press.

Knife Fork and Spoon Experience

Over half a century of it is one of the reasons why goods stamped

"1847 Rogers Bros."

the product of this long experience are best. They are sold by leading dealers. For catalogue No. 6, explaining points of interest to buyers, address the makers International Silver Company, Meriden, Conn.

Take no substitute Remember 1847

ILLINOIS CENTRAL

Railroad. Effective November 2, 1902, there will be inaugurated by the Illinois Central R. R. Co., a

NEW LINE FROM CHICAGO TO

MINNEAPOLIS AND ST. PAUL

via Rockford, Freeport, Dubuque, Waterloo and Albert Lea, over which

FINE PASSENGER SERVICE will be maintained, consisting of a fast vestibule night train, the "Limited," handsomely equipped with

Through Sleeping Car, Through Buffet-Library Car, Through Reclining Chair Car, Dining Car Service En Route

This line will be convenient for patrons of the Illinois Central's lines in northern Illinois and eastern Iowa, and particularly so for those from south of Chicago, as it connects in same station at Chicago with trains of the Central from the south. A special descriptive folder of this new service as well as full particulars concerning the above can be had of agents of the Illinois Central and connecting lines.

A. H. HANSON General Passenger Agent, Chicago

J. C. James, Jr., Justice of the Peace.

All Legal Business Promptly Attended to

FIRE INSURANCE.

Far and Village Fire Insurance in independent companies.

Special Agent Prudential Life Ins

J. C. JAMES, JR., UNDERTAKER.

Licensed Embalmer

JOHN J. McDOUGALL,

Veterinary Surgeon

Antioch, Illinois.

TRUCK Farming IN THE SOUTH.

Does Truck Farming in the South pay? Write the undersigned for a free copy of Illinois Central Circular No. 3 and note what is said concerning it.

J. F. Merry, Asst. Gen'l Pass'r Agent, Illinois Central Railroad, Dubuque, Ia.

Your Tongue

If it's coated, your stomach bad, your liver is out of order. Ayer's Pills will clean your tongue, cure your dyspepsia, make your liver right. Easy to take, easy to operate.

Get AN drugstore.

See your druggist or best druggist for a beautiful box of Ayer's Pills. Then use it.

BUCKINGHAM'S DYE

Childrens Hosiery and Underwear

We desire to call the attention of the mothers of this vicinity to our large and complete stocks of hosiery and undergarments for children. As an inducement to call and investigate. We quote some special snaps in fleece-lined goods, now in the height of demand.

CHILDRENS FLEECE-LINED VESTS AND PANTS

For children 1 to 15 years old—sizes 16 to 34. Price rises 2c a size from No 16 which costs..... 10c

BOYS HEAVY FLEECE LINED VESTS AND DRAWS

For boys 6 to 15 years old—sizes 26 to 34. Any size will go now for..... 25c

CHILDRENS FLEECE AND COMBINATION GARMENTS

made with half open front and drop seat. For children 3 to 4 years old—sizes 1 to 17—any size..... 50c

CHILDRENS FLEECE LINED SLEEPING GARMENTS

For children 1 to 10 years old—in two qualities..... 60 or 25c

"HERCULES" FAST BLACK SCHOOL HOSE

in light, medium and heavy ribbed cotton or fleece lined goods. Only Three Prices, per pair..... 25c, 15c and 10c

BEST VALUES ever offered for the money.

We Close at 6 p. m. every evening but Monday and Saturday

G. R. LYON & SONS. LEADERS OF LOW PRICES WAUKEGAN, ILLINOIS.

DRUG W. T. HILL Proprietor. STORE

Drugs Toilet Articles Paints and Oils Stationary School Supplies Confectionery Souvenir China Tobacco and Cigars A good investment The NEW YORK LIFE W. T. HILL, Agt.

Buggies and Farm Implements Tin Shop in Connection

C. G. NELSON

DEALER IN

Hardware, Stoves, Glass, Cutlery,

WIRE, NAILS, AND SPORTING GOODS.

Tin and Sheet-Iron Ware, Cordage, Farmers' and Mechanics' Tools, Lead, Oil, Paints, Colors and Brushes.

Lake Villa, Illinois

USE A-B Stove Polish WORLD'S BEST LIQUID AND DRY Aylmer Bros. 14 Madison Ave. Chicago

D. A. WILLIAMS, NOTARY PUBLIC. Office at Williams Bros.' Store, Antioch, Ill. All Notarial Work promptly and accurately attended to. 2714

MISS LELIA WILLIAMS, Graduate of Chicago Musical College, will accept a limited number of pupils Vocal ; or ; Piano ; Instruction Antioch, Ill.

E. F. SHAFFER, M. D., Physician and Surgeon, Gray's Lake, Ill.

Calls promptly attended to 29

T. N. DONNELLY & CO. Loan and Diamond Brokers 119 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill. Between Washington and Madison.

DIAMONDS, WATCHES, ALL KINDS JEWELRY at less than cost. At half the price you pay the regular store. Dec 19 01 71

HOMER E. JAMISON, M. D., Millburn, Illinois.

Office Hours Saturday and Sunday afternoon and evenings. Telephone connection with Lake Villa and Wadsworth.

The Brooke Barlow Investment Co. has Money To Loan

on good improved farms at 5 per cent interest. Inquire (29) BANK OF ANTIOCH.

FOR SALE.

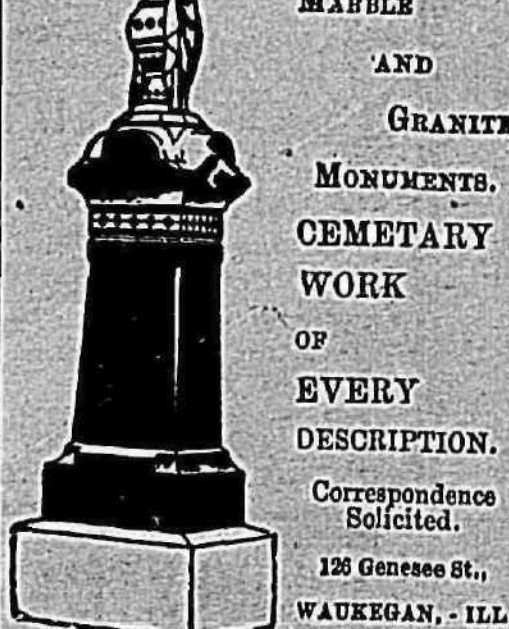
One Staver Surrey \$50.00 Three-seated Wagon, \$70.00 Staver Top Buggy, \$20.00 Buggy Pole, \$3.50.

in fine condition and must be sold. \$4.00. Call on G. R. LYON, Antioch, Ill.

Graduate of Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery, Philadelphia

F. BAIRSTOW, MANUFACTURER OF

MARBLE AND GRANITE MONUMENTS, CEMETARY WORK OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. Correspondence Solicited. 126 Genesee St., WAUKEGAN, ILL.



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Opp. First National Bank, WAUKEGAN, ILL.

Graduate of Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery, Philadelphia

ILLINOIS STATE NEWS

THREATS STIR A VILLAGE.

Niles Center Is Anxious by Anonymous Letters. Following a fire, believed to have been of incendiary origin, officials of the village of Niles Center received anonymous letters in which destruction of their homes by dynamite was threatened. No cause for the incendiarism or the threats contained in the letters can be assigned other than religious enthusiasm and suspicion is entertained against one person whose movements are being watched by special officers. Two weeks ago a man belonging to G. C. Klehm, justice of the peace and county commissioner, was burned late at night and all circumstances indicated the work of an incendiary. More recently William Schmidt's barn, adjoining the fire department's hose-house, was consumed, and later still a barn belonging to George Buscher and occupied by George Landeck was burned. To add to the fears of the villagers, anonymous letters were received by Edw. Klehm, postmaster, and Dr. George Stintz, president of the village board. In each case these read: "Hurry and get your houses ready and move in them. We will then blow them up with dynamite." The letters, unsigned, seemed to have been written by the same person and had been mailed at station U, Chicago. The men addressed are building new residences that are to be among the most costly in the village. Justice Klehm received a similar letter last week, but in it the threat of burning the town also was made.

PYTHIANS GROW IN ILLINOIS.

Session of Grand Lodge at Quincy Shows Increase in Membership. The grand lodge of the Knights of Pythias of Illinois has been in session at Quincy. More than 800 delegates and officers were in attendance. The reports of Grand Chancellor Cushing and Harry F. Caldwell, keeper of records, show a total of 633 lodges in the State, with 50,000 members. This is an increase of nearly 3,000 members since the last report. In the United States there are 140,000 members. The expenditures in Illinois last year were \$31,000 and there is \$22,000 in the treasury. The second day of the annual convocation witnessed a spirited contest for the offices. The following were chosen:

Grand Chancellor—General James H. Barker, Springfield.
Grand Vice Chancellor—William C. Edens, Chicago.
Grand Prelate—James G. Whiting, Canton.
Grand Master of Eschequer—Millard F. Dunlap, Jacksonville.
Grand Keeper of Records and Seals—Harry C. Edens, Chicago.
Grand Inner Guard—Lavinia D. Goss, Dan.
Grand Outer Guard—Louis C. Hay, Bloom.
Grand Master-at-Arms—Frank C. Smith, East St. Louis.

CUPID IS ROUTED IN DEKALB.

Bachelors and Maidens Form Clubs, and These Are at War. Persons who for a consideration marry people in Dekalb have taken down their signs and quit the business. Even the parsons have given up the hope of bracing up their salaries with occasional ceremonial fees. The trouble has been caused by the formation of two clubs, one by the women, who resolved that they would favor the attention of no man who did not conduct himself according to rules prescribed by the club. Since the court house fight in 1904, the men have been looking about for somebody with whom to pick a fuss, and they have concluded to war upon the Bachelor Maidens' Club. They have formed an organization to be known as the Sons of Rest, and have adopted a set of cast-iron regulations regarding the qualifications of a woman permitted to be favored by any members of the Sons of Rest. In the matter of restrictions in dress and behavior on or off the street there is absolutely no hope for anyone with a marriageable inclination, and even Cupid has shut up shop and left the town.

CANDIDATES FORM A COMBINE.

All Campaign Together and Divide Up the Expense. St. Clair County candidates have discovered how to go through a campaign without going bankrupt. They have organized for mutual protection. No candidate ever ventures alone abroad. All the men on the ticket meet early in the morning at an appointed place and sail forth in a bunch to the various precincts, warring, incorruptible voters. Whether they descend upon one of the wards of Belleville or in East St. Louis, or strike a blow in some isolated community, they move in close formation, and are careful not to get separated. One of the number is the banker for the band.

WEALTHY MAN'S SON IS MISSING.

Harry Frank of Jacksonville Disappears After Renting Boat. Harry Frank, son of a wealthy merchant of Jacksonville, mysteriously disappeared after renting a skiff at the foot of Barry avenue, Chicago. The boat was found near the Lincoln Park lagoon with three bullet holes in it. It is not known whether Frank committed suicide after rowing out in the lake or abandoned the boat and is now in hiding. One who was well acquainted with the missing man said he knew Frank had several hundred dollars when he arrived in Chicago, but lost it all gambling. Frank told him of three places where he lost from \$50 to \$100. This man believes that Frank committed suicide.

PREFERS DEATH TO PONTIAC.

Youth Attempts Suicide When Sentenced to the Reformatory. William Bouchard, who was sentenced to the State reformatory for stealing grain from a Kankakee elevator, heaved an artery of his leg in an effort to commit suicide. He said he would rather die than go back to the reformatory, where he had served a year before, because the prisoners had few privileges and were worked beyond their strength. He begged to be sent to Joliet penitentiary.

Within Our Borders.

Gov. Yates has typhoid fever. William Cole, a farmer of Centralia, was thrown from a horse and killed. The elevator of the Mount Pulaski Grain Company at Mount Pulaski burned. The loss is \$10,000. S. McCoy, aged 6 years, of Burnham, was run down and killed by a fast train on the Erie Railway near Hammond, Ind. Rev. J. Monroe Markler of Pittsfield has accepted a call to the pastorate of the First Congregational Church of Denver. One of the ice houses of Esch Bros. & Rabe at Loon Lake was destroyed by fire. The loss is estimated at about \$50,000. The Rock Island Railroad is likely to enter St. Louis by 1904; line between Morris and East St. Louis now being surveyed.

Arthur Moyer, aged 10, self-confessed murderer of Douglas Craft, has been sentenced at Kankakee to twenty years' imprisonment.

The Greenville Milk Condensing Company's plant in Greenville was burned. The loss is \$10,000. The fire is believed to have been incendiary.

Rev. Father Murphy, pastor of St. Mary's Roman Catholic Church in Chicago, was waylaid and relieved of \$5 by two bold highwaymen.

H. B. Eddy of Chicago, traveling salesman for the John V. Farwell Company of Chicago, was struck and instantly killed at Danforth by the Illinois Central fast train, north bound.

Some weeks ago Fred Miller, a farmer living near Elgin, disappeared. It was thought he had committed suicide. The other day a letter was received from Miller from Milwaukee, asking his family to join him there.

The Supreme Court has appointed Ralph Wilkin of Crawford County, a nephew of Justice Wilkin, to be State law librarian for six years. This cuts off \$1,000 a year from the fees of the next Supreme Court clerk.

Chicago city, schools and public library lost \$5,610,000 through uncollected taxes in ten years, according to report by Haskins & Sells, accountants; \$15,000 collected in one month during investigation against \$50,000 total in preceding ten years.

Grief and the shock due to the death of her husband caused the death of Mrs. T. N. McNutt. Her husband fell into the coal shaft in Pana and was killed. Mrs. McNutt was prostrated when the news was brought to her and she never rallied.

Lucy Page Gaston is carrying on her anti-cigarette campaign at Rockford much after the fashion of Carrie Nation. Meeting some young men who were smoking cigarettes on a street corner, she compelled them to desist and ground under her heel the words they had been using.

In Kankakee fire partially destroyed Lay & Lyman's store, the finest business block in that part of the State. The loss by fire was confined to the third and second floors, but smoke and water caused great damage. The loss will be very large. Full insurance was carried.

The office of Risser & Rollins, bankers and grain merchants at Chenovertown, was entered by burglars, the safe wrecked, and about \$300 in currency and many valuable papers taken. The robbers used nitroglycerin, and the safe door was blown into fragments and the office badly wrecked.

The bones of several skeletons were unearthed by workmen who were digging a sewer trench in Joliet. The bones, which were those of human beings, were buried about two feet below the surface. On this site many years ago the Black Hawk Indians had a reservation and during the Civil War, it is said, there was a prisoners' camp in that vicinity. It is thought that the bones are probably those of persons buried there at that time.

The wife and four sons of Edward B. Harbert of Chicago, for whom search has been made for several weeks, were found living in two small tents on the outskirts of Pueblo, Colo. The discovery resulted from the arrest of the oldest son, who charged with fast riding. The family is known under the name of Smith. Mrs. Harbert says she left Chicago because of unhappy domestic relations, and will stay in Pueblo this winter, two of her sons having secured employment.

The body of Ada, the oldest child of Charles W. Jones, a wealthy farmer residing two miles northwest of Waynesville, was found with her throat cut. The girl was last seen alive in the afternoon. She was 17 years old and attractive. It is believed she committed suicide, but all efforts to ascertain the reason have failed. A theory that unrequited love was the reason is denied. It is thought probable that her mind gave way under the strain of study. She was a student at Waynesville Academy.

After brooding for fifteen years over the accidental shooting of a friend, Henry Sweet, a farmer living in Bloom township, near East Glenwood, killed himself with the same shotgun that had ended the friend's life. The suicide was committed in an oats field on his brother's farm. The charge of shot entered Sweet's left side, causing instant death. The accident for which the farmer apparently desired to atone occurred while Sweet and his ill-fated friend were on a hunting trip. No blame ever was attached to Sweet.

STATE TAX WILL BE FULL.

Assessment on Lands in Regard as Being Unusually Close. Returns made by the local assessors in the several counties of the State to the Board of Equalization show that very little real estate will escape its burden of taxation. The total area of Illinois is 56,050 square miles, or a total of 36,260,000 acres of land. Of this amount the local assessors have made returns upon a total of 34,018,828 acres. This is considered a close assessment, covering practically all the property not exempt for various reasons. Of the 1,042,172 acres not assessed it is estimated that water courses, lakes and other bodies of water made a total water surface of 650 square miles, leaving a land surface of over 1,000 square miles that is not assessed. This exempted property includes town and city lots, which are assessed separately; church and school properties; unimproved lands of the Illinois Central Railroad Company, cemeteries, etc. The capital stock committee has passed upon 2,800 Cook county corporations, and of this number over 800 have been assessed upon their capital stock by the committee. In addition to the 200 that was assessed by the local assessors. The total capital stock assessment extended by the committee already reaches \$6,500,000, and this amount will be materially increased before the work of the committee is concluded.

COST OF STATE CHARITIES.

State Board Presents Account of Expenditures for Third Quarter. The State Board of Charities has issued its bulletin for the quarter ending Sept. 30. Cash on hand July 1 was \$744,176.52; expenses, \$553,370.35; debts, \$76,134.07. The institutions had \$208,131.34 on hand. There were 10,040 inmates present and 328 on parole at the beginning of the quarter. There were 1,002 new admissions, 426 former inmates readmitted, 1,145 absentees returned, 452 discharges, 390 on parole at end of quarter and 11,035 present. The total per capita cost of maintenance was \$41.11 gross and \$37.03 net. The best record was made by the Jacksonville institution, where the cost was \$31.40. The following is a statement of the net cost at all institutions:

Elgin	\$37.49
Kankakee	34.31
Jacksonville	31.40
Anna	35.52
Waterbury	33.13
Peoria	36.44
Deaf and dumb	30.54
Asylum for insane criminals	60.70
Blind	60.00
Feeble-minded	57.31
Soldiers' and sailors' home	33.10
Soldiers' orphans' home	44.13
Soldiers' widows' home	68.49
Eye and ear infirmary	66.22
School for training girls	44.12

MURDERED IN FRONT OF HOME.

Young Frederick Larimore Found Shot to Death in Plainville. Frederick Larimore, one of the most popular young men of Plainville, was mysteriously murdered. His body was found lying on the sidewalk within 300 yards of his home at 9 p. m. A bullet wound in his breast showed the cause of death, but no weapon was found either on or near the body. Clarence Larimore, brother of Frederick, reported the murder. He said he stumbled over his brother's body as he was on his way home. He could throw no light on the crime or its perpetrator. No apparent motive for the murder is suggested and this deepens the mystery. Frederick Larimore was a popular young man. He was organist of his church, moved in the best society and had no bad habits so far as his neighbors knew.

DISTRICTS ARE LEGAL.

Constitutionality of Apportionment Act Upheld by Supreme Court. The Supreme Court has handed down a lengthy opinion upholding its decision, rendered at the June term, in which the senatorial apportionment made by the last General Assembly was held to be valid. The senatorial apportionment was attacked in a test suit brought by the Democratic State central committee on the ground that the Legislature did not follow the constitutional requirement that districts shall contain "as nearly as practicable an equal number of inhabitants" and that no district shall "contain less than four-fifths of the senatorial ratio."

FIND MASTODON IN ILLINOIS.

Skeleton With Seven-Foot Tusks Unearthed Near Paris. While digging a ditch nine miles northwest of Paris Charles Pletcher and James Murray unearthed the remains of a full-sized mastodon. The right tusk, seven feet long, was intact and was attached to the skull. The full set of upper teeth was well preserved. The teeth on the right were attached to the bone and upper part of the skull. The earth in all directions of the find will be dug up in an effort to locate the remainder of the skeleton. The men will probably present the skull to the State University at Champaign.

DIES FROM FOOTBALL INJURY.

Stanton Player Killed as Result of Tackle in Game. Edward Schmidt, a member of the Stanton Regulars, was injured in a football game between the Regulars and the Coffey of St. Louis, and died ten minutes afterward. The first half was almost completed, neither eleven having scored, when Schmidt, after a tackle, complained of a pain in his head. He was taken to a doctor and died just as he arrived at the office.

FOUND DEAD BY ROADSIDE.

Kearn E. Walsh Commits Suicide Near Decatur, Ill. Kearn E. Walsh was found by the roadside eight miles north of Decatur, Ill. He was found lying on his back with a bullet hole in the forehead. The body was found in a field. The cause of death was suicide.

NAMES DAY OF THANKSGIVING.

President Issues Proclamation Designating Nov. 27. President Roosevelt has issued his proclamation designating Thursday, Nov. 27, as a day of thanksgiving. The proclamation is as follows:

"According to the yearly custom of our people, it falls upon the President at this season to appoint a day of festival and thanksgiving to God.

"Over a century and a quarter has passed since this country took its place among the nations of the earth, and during that time we have had, on the whole, more to be thankful for than has fallen to the lot of any other people. Generation after generation has grown to manhood and passed away. Each has had to bear its peculiar burdens, each to face its special crises, and each has known years of grim trial, when the country was menaced by malice, domestic or foreign, when the hand of the Lord was heavy upon it, in drought or flood or pestilence, when in bodily distress and anguish of soul it paid the penalty of folly and a forward heart.

"Nevertheless, decade by decade, we have struggled onward and upward; we now abundantly enjoy material well-being, and, under the favor of the Most High, we are striving earnestly to achieve moral and spiritual uplifting. The year that has just closed has been one of peace and of overflowing plenty. Rarely has any people enjoyed greater prosperity than we are now enjoying. For this we render heartfelt and solemn thanks to the Giver of Good; and we seek to praise Him, not by words only, but by deeds, by the way in which we do our duty to ourselves and to our fellow men.

"Now, therefore, I, Theodore Roosevelt, President of the United States, do hereby designate as a day of general thanksgiving, Thursday, the 27th of the coming November, and do recommend that throughout the land the people cease from their ordinary occupations, and in their several homes and places of worship tender thanks unto Almighty God for the manifold blessings of the past year.

"In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

"Done at the city of Washington this 20th day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and two, and of the independence of the United States the one hundred and twenty-seventh.

"THEODORE ROOSEVELT.
"JOHN HAY, Secretary of State."

CHURCH-GOERS ARE FEWER.

Due to Strife in Business and Social Life, Declares Dr. Stone. Chicago people are going to church less and less each year. This is the statement made by the Rev. James S. Stone, pastor of St. James Church, Cass and Huron streets.

Dr. Stone gives five reasons which in his opinion cause this decrease in church attendance. Chief among these five the pastor of the North Side church says is the constant struggle in the business and social world. "A woman who for a whole week has been attending theaters, balls, teas and numerous other social functions," said the Rev. Mr. Stone, "looks forward to Sunday as a day of rest, and she sorely needs it. For the same reason a man who has spent six days in any business which calls for his whole attention many hours a day does not wish to spend any part of his Sunday in church. The list of reasons given by the Rev. Mr. Stone for the lack of church attendance follows:

"Wear and tear of the modern business and social life; reaction from successive emotionalism; decline in the faith in immortality; numerous warring denominations, and lack of something new in the church. Chicago is no exception to the lack of church attendance. It is the same from one end of the country to the other," said Mr. Stone. "It applies to all cities and towns and is almost as marked in the country as in the city. I have been asked if it was not due to the criticism heaped upon the church and the Bible. I do not think that is the case. This criticism has been going on for centuries and it would not only now begin to affect the attendance. Others ask if it is not because the people have an idea that the church is only for the rich. I do not think that this is the case, for in churches that are built and conducted for the poor none the same state of affairs prevails. The same condition prevails everywhere."

The Rev. Mr. Stone attempted to suggest a remedy for the condition. "There is only one way to remedy this apparent abandonment of the church," said he. "It is not in providing music and entertainment for the people, but in impressing upon their minds that the neglect of church is the only way that the people can be brought back into the church."

IMMENSE POTATO CROP.

Farmers Will Realize More Than Fifty Dollars an Acre. The harvest of the potato crop in the Kaw valley, Kansas, is nearing completion, and while the size of the crop will not be known until the railroads have received reports as to the number of cars used in transporting it, it is said to be one of the largest ever raised in the valley. It has been customary for the potato growers of the valley to keep for seed all potatoes dug after Oct. 1, because they are usually not large enough for table use, but the growing season has been longer this year and practically all of the potatoes harvested are marketable.

This year has been an exceptional one for production in the Kaw valley. The quality of the potatoes has been better and the yield larger than the average year. On some of the farms the yield has been as large as 850 bushels to the acre. This is extraordinary, but the 1903 crop yield has been good and the price 1904 cents a bushel. This makes an acre such a field as mentioned as the Kaw valley.

The Kaw valley growing area of the Kaw valley, Kansas, is a long narrow strip of land extending from the mouth of the Kaw river to the mouth of the Arkansas river. The valley is a fertile one and the soil is rich. The climate is also favorable for the growing of potatoes. The valley is a long narrow strip of land extending from the mouth of the Kaw river to the mouth of the Arkansas river.

NEWS OF MINOR NOTE.

A discovery of gold was made while excavating for the federal building at Butte, Mont.

It is said that Chinese cooks are to be brought from California to Wichita to do household work.

During the trip of the transport Sherman from Manila to San Francisco thirteen deaths occurred.

The strike of all the workmen in Geneva, Switzerland, in sympathy with the street car men, has been ended by all the strikers, including the street car men, returning to work.

In a fit of despondency Dr. S. A. Graham, aged 65, attempted suicide in Coffeyville, Kan., by severing the artery of his left wrist.

A fire which started in the plant of the Lexington, Mo., Brewing Company did damage to the brewery and an adjoining saloon of \$30,000. This is the largest fire that ever occurred there.

Henry Holtsman, a farm hand from Pleasanton, Kan., aged 22 years, blew out the gas and was found in an unconscious condition in his room at the Metropolitan Hotel in Kansas City. He was revived with difficulty.

SELECTING A KING'S WIFE.

Ministers Want Alfonso XIII to Marry Princess Louise.

Spanish ministers are very anxious that their young King should marry and according to report have selected a wife for him in the person of Princess Louise of Orleans. The Princess is older than has been reported, but to Spanish diplomats she seems the most suitable of available European princesses as a bride for young Alfonso. She is more popular with the Spanish people, whose views have to be considered rather carefully now, than any of the French and Austrian princesses whose names have been mentioned in this connection from time to time.

The Princess is the youngest daughter of the Count and Countess of Paris and was born at Cannes. In this she is unlike her famous brother, the Duke of Orleans, who considers himself the heir to the throne of France, and her better known sisters, the Queen of Portugal, the Duchess d'Aosta and the Duchess of Guise, all of whom saw the light on the banks of the Thames in the years when the Count of Paris was an exile from his beloved France.

Of late years the Countess of Paris has made her home in Villanarique, near Seville, and Princess Louise, now her only unmarried daughter, and the Duke de Montpensier, her 19-year-old son, live with her.



PRINCESS LOUISE OF ORLEANS.

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ILLINOIS BANK ROBBED.

Exchange at Gardner Is Raided and \$4,000 Stolen. The Exchange Bank of Gardner, Ill., was robbed early Wednesday by six masked men who bound and gagged the town marshal, wrecked the safe with explosives, extracted therefrom \$4,000 in currency and escaped on a train bound toward Chicago.

Chicago police, who are six weeks within four miles south of Chicago, went with excitement and its citizens organized themselves into armed searching bands for the purpose of apprehending the robbers. Just before daybreak Town Marshal Edmonston, peacefully sleeping in a chair in the village fire engine house, was awakened by two men who told him that they proposed robbing the bank and that if he made any outcry they would kill him. They tied ropes around him, carried him across the street to the bank, forced him to open the door and then dragged him inside. Four other men joined the duo at the bank and began to drill holes in the safe. After awhile they took Edmonston to the school house, placed a rope around his neck and so adjusted him at the top of a stairway that if he struggled to release himself he would be hanged. The whole town was asleep, and as Edmonston is the only policeman the robbers were able to work unmolested. They blew open the safe without arousing anybody, transferred its contents to a large leather bag and then caught the train for Chicago.

ARM AGAINST MAD MULLAH.

Indian Troops Are to Be Sent to Somaliland by Great Britain. The British government has decided to dispatch Indian troops to Somaliland to deal with the mad mullah. The British government has decided to dispatch Indian troops to Somaliland to deal with the mad mullah. The British government has decided to dispatch Indian troops to Somaliland to deal with the mad mullah.

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WASHINGTON GOSSIP.

A veteran of the Spanish war recently appealed to the Secretary of the Interior in a case in which he claimed a pension on account of corns that he had contracted by wearing army shoes. The department, after an exhaustive course of reasoning, comes to the conclusion that corns are not a pensionable disability. The decision says: "Corns are inconvenient, but are seldom incapacitating, and when they are the remedy is simple and within easy reach of anyone. The soldier's patriotism ought not to terminate with his military service. It should prompt him to go to a chiropodist rather than to the pension bureau."

Church property in the District of Columbia is by law exempt from taxation, but the assessor has rendered a decision that will be of interest to church people everywhere. Upon complaint of superintendents of public halls that their revenue was being cut down by the rental of churches for public entertainments, the collector decided that church property rented for purposes of revenue shall be listed on the books as taxable property. Therefore churches that are rented for entertainments must not only pay the regular license fee, but the property will be taxed at the prevailing rates.

Brig. Gen. Frederick D. Grant, who has returned from the Philippines, says all is peace and quiet in the islands and that the work now consists of concentrating men and erecting forts. Education, he says, is rapidly clearing away the ignorance of the natives, which was the principal cause of trouble. Gen. Grant is to be stationed at San Antonio in command of the department of Texas.

The annual report of the dead letter office shows a total receipt of 9,300,351 pieces of mail matter, an increase of 9 per cent over last year. Of letters and parcels opened, 50,830 contained money amounting to \$48,408, and 69,874 commercial papers valued at \$1,809,026. Eighty-one thousand and sixty-eight letters had no address, and 150,831 were held for postage.

A London dispatch, in reporting the result of the artillery experiment at Aldershot, states that by an ingenious method of painting the guns and timber the primary colors—red, blue and yellow—they are made to harmonize with any background so well that they are difficult to locate at even 1,000 yards' distance. At close quarters the guns appear to be all dabs and streaks.

Secretary Wilson of the Agricultural Department is preparing for an elaborate exhibition of chrysanthemums. The department has been experimenting with 122 different varieties, American, Japanese and European, and when these are all in bloom the show will begin and continue indefinitely. It will be the first government flower show, and if successful will be followed by others.

Gen. James F. Smith of California, a prominent Catholic and a member of the Taft commission to Rome, has been appointed a member of the Philippine commission, to succeed Bernard Moses, who is to retire Jan. 1. Gen. Smith is a lawyer of prominence in San Francisco and associate justice of the Supreme Court of California.

Surgeon General Rixey in his annual report says that the force of naval surgeons is inadequate, and recommends the establishment of a woman's nurse corps. He also advocates the appointment of dentists for the navy, and wants 150 more medical officers. He advocates two permanent hospital ships.

Secretary Root has appointed Brig. Gen. Sanger and two assistants to conduct the census in the Philippines. The revenues of the islands will be drawn upon to pay for the field work, and the tabulation will be done in Washington. It will take ten months.

The Navy Department has given to the Newport News Shipbuilding Company the contract for building the 10,000-ton battleship Louisiana at the company's yard of \$3,000,000. It is to be completed by Feb. 3, 1906. All other bidders were members of the new shipbuilding combination.

Government statistics show a decrease of \$118,003,204 worth of the four principal articles of export during the nine months ended Sept. 30, as compared with preceding years. They are breadstuffs, provisions, cotton and mineral oils.

The War Department issued an order decreasing the numerical strength of the regular army to 59,000, the legal minimum. Its present strength is 65,000. The reduction will be made gradually, as terms of enlistment expire.

The annual report of the Postoffice Department for the postal service shows a deficit of \$2,011,170, which is \$1,000,000 less than that of last year. The gross receipts exceed those of last year by over \$10,000,000.

The President has formally notified the heads of departments to avoid the present tendency toward long and expensive documents and reports. He says there is too much public printing generally.

The War Department has set aside 1,800 acres of land near Manila as a military reservation. This is the first of a series of brigade posts throughout the islands.

Henry L. Wilson, minister to Chili, has been appointed minister to Greece, and John B. Jackson, first secretary at Berlin, has been promoted to be minister to Chili.

The Treasury Department estimates the per capita circulation on Oct. 1 to have been \$28.04. This is a slight increase on the Sept. 1 estimate.

The report of the money order division for the last fiscal year shows an average daily increase of \$150,000 in the amount of money transmitted.

Henry White, secretary of the United States embassy at London, is to be made ambassador at Rome. The promotion is based on merit.

BANK OF ANTIOCH.

EDWARD BROOK,
BANKER

Buy and Sell Exchange, and do a General
Banking Business.

WISCONSIN CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.

Antioch Station 55 Miles North of Chicago

TIME CARD—Antioch Station.

GOING NORTH
Lv. Chicago. 6:30 AM. Ar. at Antioch
1:30 PM. No. 6. Daily ex Sunday 10:30 AM
4:00 PM. No. 7. Daily ex Sunday 8:30 PM
8:30 AM. No. 10. Daily. Sunday Special 10:40 AM

GOING SOUTH
Lv. Antioch. 6:50 AM. No. 14. Daily. 10:30 AM
11:37 AM. No. 8. Daily ex Sunday 1:40 PM
4:20 PM. No. 6. Daily ex Sunday 8:30 PM
9:28 PM. No. 2. Daily. 10:55 PM
W. F. ZIEGLER, Agent, Antioch.



LOTUS CAMP No. 557 M. W. A.
meets at 7:30 the first and third
Monday evening of every month.
In Woodmen Hall, Antioch, Illinois.
Visiting Neighbors always welcome.
W. R. WILLIAMS, V. C.
C. M. CONYER, Clerk.

SEQUOIA LODGE, No. 87, A. F. & A. M., holds
regular communications the first and third
Wednesday evenings of every month. Visiting
Brethren always welcome.
L. M. HUGHES, Sec. E. L. SIMONS, W. M.

ANECDOTE OF JOHN FISKE.

Great Historian Placed in Somewhat
Embarrassing Position.

The late John Fiske, the historian,
was a man of enormous stature, and
extremely sensitive about any refer-
ence to his unusual size. One oc-
casion, when he was visiting a friend
at his home in a beautiful town in
Connecticut, the hostess and her
daughter invited Mr. Fiske to drive
with them one morning. The road was
a picturesque one, which winds along
the river at the foot of the mountains.
At one point the hostess suggested
that the party alight and walk a short
distance through the field to get a par-
ticularly attractive view. Around this
field was a high fence, with no open-
ing but a narrow stile. The ladies
passed through and turned to wait
for their guest. For a moment he
contemplated the opening; to squeeze
through was impossible, to climb over
was equally impracticable. Finally
his deep bass voice broke the silence:
"Ladies, I think we would better
continue our drive."—Argonaut.

A Startling Surprise.

Very few could believe in looking at A.
T. Hoadley, a healthy, robust blacksmith
of Tilden, Ind., that for ten years he suf-
fered such tortures from Rheumatism as
few could endure and live. But a wonder-
ful change followed, taking Electric Bitters
"Two bottles wholly cured me," he writes,
"and I have not felt a twinge in over a
year." They regulate the kidneys, purify
the blood and cure rheumatism, neuralgia,
nervousness, improve digestion and give
perfect health. Try them. Only 50c. at
Hill's drug store.

Seaweed Town.

Cookstown is a seaweed settlement
in Alaska. It was originally built of
clay bricks, but the action of the sea
salt, with which the air is heavy,
caused the bricks to crumble away,
and in their place were substituted
slabs of seaweed mixed with salt, com-
pressed and baked.

Problem for Women.

To the average woman a more im-
portant issue this fall than anything
pertaining to her ability to vote is the
frightful problem confronting her of
how to make her last winter's cloak
look as if it belonged to this year's
vintage.

One Minute Cough Cure.

Is the only harmless cough cure that gives
quick relief. Cures Coughs, Colds, Croup,
Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Pneumonia,
Asthma, La Grippe, and all Throat, Chest
and Lung troubles. I got soaked by rain
says Gertrude E. Penner, Muncie, Ind.,
and contracted a severe cold and cough. I
filled rapidly; lost 45 pounds. My drug-
gist recommended One Minute Cough Cure
The first bottle brought relief; several
cured me. I am back to my old weight,
148 lbs. One Minute Cough Cure cuts the
phlegm, relieves the cough at once, draws
out inflammation, cures croup. An ideal
remedy for children. At Hill's drug store.

Prominent in Many Ways.

George Thornton Beck, whom the
Wyoming Democrats have nominated
for governor, is a business associate
and cousin of "Buffalo Bill," a son of
the lamented Senator Beck of Ken-
tucky and a great-grandnephew of
George Washington.

The "Rock Social."

An exchange tells of a "rock social"
for the benefit of the church. If the
ladies would only have one where a
man could bring his socks and have them
mended, the good women would
be astonished at their profits.

Jews of Palestine.

The Jews of Palestine are entirely
descended from Jews who returned to
that land from Europe. Most of them
speak a corrupt form of the German
language.

Dark Hair

"I have used Ayer's Hair Vigor
for a great many years, and al-
though I am past eighty years of
age, yet I have not a gray hair in
my head."
Geo. Yellott, Towson, Md.

We mean all that rich,
dark color your hair used
to have. If it's gray now,
no matter; for Ayer's
Hair Vigor always re-
stores color to gray hair.
Sometimes it makes the
hair grow very heavy and
long; and it stops falling
of the hair, too.

\$1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

If your druggist cannot supply you,
send us one dollar and we will express
you a bottle. Be sure and give the name
of your nearest express office. Address:
J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

FOLLY OF "EXPERT" TESTIMONY.

Recent French Trial Shows It as It
Really Is.

A handwriting expert in Paris was
attempting to identify the writing of
a suspected murderer with that left
behind by the criminal in the house
of his victim. He produced the ac-
cused's official books and pointed out
conclusively that the two hands were
undoubtedly the same. "There," he
seemed to say as he mopped his heat-
ed brow, "that shows what your real
armor-plated Belleville-boilered expert
can do when he tries." "Marvelous,"
said the judge. "There is, indeed,
but one flaw as far as I can see. The
writing in these books is not that of
accused, but of his predecessor, and
it was written several years before
the crime was committed. You see my
point?" The expert attempted a smile.
—London Globe.

Luck in Thirteen.

By sending 13 miles, Wm. Spirey, of
Walton Furnace, Vt., got a box of Buck-
len's Arnica Salve that wholly cured a hor-
rible ever sore on his leg. Nothing else
could. Positively cures bruises, felons,
ulcers, eruptions, boils, burns, corns and
piles. Only 25c. Guaranteed by W. T.
Hill, druggist.

Gen. Bragg's New Post.

Gen. Bragg's transfer from the con-
sulate general at Havana to the con-
sulate general at Hong-Kong will not
involve any loss to him of the emolu-
ments of office, the salary at both
posts being identical. The social pre-
stige of the American consul at Hong-
Kong is greater than that of the cor-
responding official at Havana, and
this would be a compensation for the
disadvantage of a residence so far
from home.

If you are bilious and seeking advisers,
Take DeWitt's Little Early Risers.
Just before going to bed.
You will find on the morrow,
You are rid of your sorrow—
That's all; just enough said.

These famous pills do not gripe but move
the bowels gently and easy, cleansing the
liver. Their tonic effect gives strength to
the glands, preventing a return of the dis-
order. For sale by W. T. Hill.

Try Orday Plasters.

For rheumatism, pain in the back or
side, pneumonia, kidney and heart disease,
liver complaint and all kindred diseases.
These plasters are formulated for different
ailments. Also corn plasters; a sure cure,
six for 10 cents. Foot plasters, for cold
feet, 20 cents. Agents and canvassers want-
ed. For particulars address
Mrs. J. S. Sutton,
General Agent for Lake Co., Antioch, Ill.

Safest Place to Be Shot.

An Australian officer, who saw the
greater part of the war in south Africa
has been telling a Melbourne inter-
viewer that from his experience he
thinks the head is the safest part in
which to receive a bullet. "The head
is the most protected part of the
body. Out of scores of cases of
wounds in the head that came under
my notice only one was fatal. In
many of them the bullets glanced off
the skull, merely inflicting scalp
wounds."

What To Do Until The Doctor Arrives.

"One of my children was taken with
cramp colic and suffered severely," says
S. B. Elzes, of Monett, Mo. "I telephoned
for a doctor, then gave a dose of Cham-
berlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy, and a
few minutes later a second dose. Before
the doctor came the child was relieved."
For sale by all druggists.

Study Chinese Language.

Prof. Frederick Hirth has begun in
Columbia university the work of in-
structing students in the Chinese lan-
guage, written and spoken. Later he
intends to conduct courses on Chinese
literature and studies in the arts and
industries of the orientals. Prof. Hirth
denies that a knowledge of the
Chinese language is particularly diffi-
cult of attainment, though, as he re-
marked to his first class, "students
must not expect to chat with their
laundrymen in a few weeks."

Save Your Books.

Insects will never attack books
which are dusted once a year with
powdered alum and white pepper.

STOP: LOOK AT ME!

The Largest Number of Best Papers Ever Offered
FOR THE MONEY

AMERICA'S BEST

Editorially Fearless
Consistently Republican

News from all the world, well
written.

Original Stories.

Answers to Queries.

Articles on Health, the Home

New Books, and on Work

About the Farm and Garden

The Weekly Inter Ocean

Is a member of the Associated Press
the only Western Newspaper re-
ceiving the entire telegraphic news
service of the New York Sun and
special cable of the New York
World—daily reports from over
2,000 special correspondents
throughout the country.

PER YEAR ONE DOLLAR

The Antioch News

The Antioch News gives you
all the Home and County
news at all times.

Iowa Homestead

Is the greatest Agricultural
and Live Stock paper pub-
lished in the west.

Farmers' Institute Ed.

The institute editions are the
most practical editions for the
promotion of farming.

The Poultry Farmer

Is a practical poultry paper
for the farmer, upon the care
and raising of poultry.

Weekly Inter Ocean

The Chicago Inter Ocean con-
tains news from all parts of
the world, stories, etc.

The Iowa Homestead

All our farmer readers should take
advantage of the unprecedented
clubbing offer we this year make,
which includes with this paper

The Iowa Homestead,

Farmers' Institute Edition,

The Poultry Farmer

These three publications are the
best of their class and should be in
every farm home.

Never was so much superior read-
ing matter offered for so small an
amount of money. The three pa-
pers named, which we club with our
own, are well known throughout
the West and commend themselves
to the reader's favorable attention
upon mere mention. The Iowa Ed.
is the great agricultural and live
stock paper of the West; The Poul-
try Farmer is the most practical
poultry paper for the farmer, while
the special Farmers' Institute Edi-
tions are the most practical publi-
cations for the promotion of good
farming ever published.

PER YEAR TWO DOLLARS

The above papers mailed \$1.90 The regular price of the
to any address for..... above papers is \$4.00

Sample copies at this office or mailed to any address

WAS A FAIR EXCHANGE.

Light-Handed Pilferer Caught at His
Own Game.

Jerry Nichols, as he was familiarly
called, while a member of the State
Senate from the First district of this
city, was late in leaving Harrisburg
one night for his home. He found
but one vacant seat in the car, and sat
down alongside of a fashionably
dressed individual with a sparkling
diamond in his shirt front. Jerry had
not gone very far when he missed his
pocketbook. He said nothing, but af-
ter a while his companion fell into a
doze. After a little Jerry awoke him,
saying: "My dear friend, you have my
pocketbook. Now, there is not much
money in it, but I value it highly as a
present from a departed friend, and I
have here a pretty gem, of purest raw
sapphire, which I will give you in ex-
change for it if you are willing." The
new-found friend glanced downward at
his shirt front, and at once accepted
the Senator's offer. —Philadelphia
Ledger.

Startling, But True.

"If every one knew what a grand medi-
cine Dr. King's New Life Pills is," writes
D. H. Turner, Dempsietown, Pa., "you'd
sell all you have in a day. Two weeks
has made a new man of me." Invaluable
for constipation, stomach and liver trou-
bles. 25c. at Hill's drug store.

Fire In Anything.

Take powder composed of equal
weights of loaf sugar and chlorate of
potash, separately reduced to fine
powder and then well mixed together.
This is placed in some vessel, such as
a cup, or, in fact, anything that will
prevent the fire from injuring the
table. When this powder is touched
with the least drop of sulphuric acid
it will instantly burst into a flame.
Take a stick or wand previously dip-
ped in the acid, and after sundry mo-
tions touch the powder, and the same
result will be produced.

A Thanksgiving Dinner.

Heavy eating is usually the first cause
of indigestion. Repeated attacks in-
flame the mucous membranes lining the produc-
tious the nerves of the stomach. Hence
a swelling after eating, in of the stom-
ach, sour rising and inflammation, pro-
ach. Kodol relieves the catarrh. Kodol
tests the nerves, cures the stomach, all stom-
ach troubles, indigestion, dyspepsia, and
ach troubles by cleansing and sweeten-
ing the stomach. At W. T. Hill's
the glands of the stomach.

Horses in France and Germany.

In 1900 France exported 300,000
more than the imported horses. The
market for some little time pa-
many had to import 50,000 more than
she exported.

Secretary Shaw's Latest Story.

A man loved two girls. One was
beautiful and the other was plain, but
a fine singer. Having heard the axiom
that beauty is but skin deep, the man
took heed and married the plain girl.
One morning he awoke and glanced
at his sleeping wife. Her homeliness
assailed him by a falling mouth and
a resounding nose. As he gazed a
doubt on the wisdom of his choice
assailed the man and grew to such
proportions that in alarm for his
marital felicity he shook the sleeping
woman by the arm and cried to her:
"For heaven's sake, Lib, wake up and
sing something."

The Best Remedy for Croup.

(From the Atchison, Kan., Daily Globe).
This is the season when the women who
knows the best remedies for croup is in de-
mand in every neighborhood. One of the
most terrible things in the world is to be
awakened in the middle of the night by a
whoop from one of the children. The croup
remedies are almost as sure to be lost, in
case of croup, as a revolver is sure to be
lost in case of burglars. There used to be
an old-fashioned remedy for croup known
as hive syrup and lobu, but some modern
mothers say that Chamberlain's Cough
Remedy is better, and does not cost so
much. It causes the patient to "throw up
the phlegm," quicker, and gives relief in a
shorter time. Give this remedy as soon as
the croup cough appears and it will pre-
vent the attack. It never fails and is
pleasant and safe to take. For sale by all
druggists.

Recommended Firmness.

A very matter-of-fact old gentleman
the other day called to see a neigh-
bor, an old Irishwoman, who had been
ailing for some time, when the follow-
ing conversation took place at the
door: "And how do you find yourself to-
day, Bridget?" "Sure, your honor,
I'm mighty bad. This shocking
weather'll be the end of me; I'll be a
dead woman before long." "Hoots,
toots, woman! you've been saying that
for the last twenty years! I'll tell ye
what it is, ye want firmness o' mind."
A day for deers and stick to it."

King Edward's Latest Portrait.

The new portrait of Edward VII. by
the well-known military artist, Stanley
Berkeley, which has been ordered ex-
pressly for reproduction and distribu-
tion throughout army departments,
carracks and military schools, repre-
sents the king as sitting on a bay
horse at Aldershot, with his stag
hounds.

BOUND TO FURNISH NEWS.

Correspondent of Texas Paper Sacri-
ficed Himself to Duty.

All well regulated newspapers have
a system of keeping check on the
amount of news sent by correspon-
dents. Occasionally it becomes neces-
sary to "jack them up" in a pleasant,
but firm manner. Not every corre-
spondent, however, is willing to make
news in order to comply with the
rules as did he of Rockland. Not
having heard from Rockland for some
time, attention was duly called to this
shortcoming, and the following reply
came:

Rockland, Tex., Sept. 22, 1902.—The
Galveston News, Galveston, Tex.:
Gentlemen: As to your letter on
other side of sheet, I could not find
anything to write to you about, so I
have to get married myself. See in-
closed letter.

The inclosure was a formal notice
of his marriage.—Galveston News.

Asleep Amid Flames.

Breaking into a blazing home, some fire-
men lately dragged the sleeping inmates
from death. Fancied security, and death
near. It's that way when you neglect
coughs and colds. Don't do it. Dr. King's
New discovery for Consumption gives
perfect protection against all Throat, chest
and lung troubles. Keep it near, and
avoid suffering, death and doctor's bills.
A teaspoonful stops a late cough, pre-
sents use the most stubborn. Harmless and
nice tasting; it's guaranteed to satisfy, by
W. T. Hill. Price 50c and \$1.00 Trial
bottles free.

Highest Postoffice in Europe.

At Gornegrat, on the Zermatt moun-
tain railway, stands the highest post-
office in Europe. It is over 9,000
feet above sea level.

Cures Blood Poison, Cancer, Ulcers.

If you have offensive pimples, or eru-
ptions, ulcers on any part of the body, ac-
cording bones or joints, falling hair, mucous
patches, swollen glands, skin itches and
burns, sore lips or gums, eating, festering
sores, sharp gnawing pains, then you suffer
from serious blood poison or the beginning
of deadly cancer. You may be permanently
cured by taking Botanic Blood Balm (B.
B. B.) made especially to cure the worst
blood and skin diseases. Heals every sore
or ulcer, even deadly cancer, stops all aches
and pains and reduces all swellings. Bo-
tanic Blood Balm cures all malignant blood
troubles such as eczema, scabs and scales,
pimples, running sores, carbuncles, scrofu-
la. Druggists, \$1. To prove it cures,
a sample of Blood Balm sent free and prepaid
by writing Blood Balm Co., Atlanta, Ga.
No medical advice
in sent. Price \$1.00 N-63-4871

Peculiar Game of Checkers.

A game of checkers has been played
under very peculiar circumstances be-
tween two Cornish families for the
last forty years and is not finished
yet. Whenever a member of either
house dies the relatives meet at the
deceased's home as soon as the fune-
ral rites are over, whereupon the two
eldest members continue the game
until one of the players loses a man.
The positions of the men on the board
are then recorded, and the game pos-
tponed until death gives the signal for
reopening the tussle. Altogether nine
different players have so far been im-
plicated in the game.

Wanted.

We would like to ask through the col-
umns of your paper, if there is any person
who has used Green's August Flower for
the cure of indigestion, dyspepsia and liver
troubles that has not been cured—and we
also mean their results, such as sour stom-
ach, fermentation of food, habitual consti-
pation, nervous dyspepsia, headaches, des-
pondent feelings, sleeplessness—in fact,
any trouble connected with the stomach
or liver? This medicine has been sold for
many years in all civilized countries, and
we wish to correspond with you and send
you one of our books free of cost. If you
never tried August Flower, try a 25 cent
bottle first. We have never known of its
failing. If so something more serious is
the matter with you, the 25 cent size has
just been introduced this year. Regular
size 75 cents. At W. T. Hill's.

An Athletic Statesman.

George T. Beck, democratic nominee
for governor of Wyoming, is a son of
the late Senator Beck of Kentucky.
The young man weighs over 250
pounds, but carries no superfluous
flesh, being of vast frame. All over
the far west he is known for his ath-
letic powers, no man in the Big Horn
basin caring to tackle him single-
handed. He is a rancher, and with
certain rich men is interested in a
scheme to reclaim by irrigation a large
area of arid lands.

The Housewife's Holiday.

It is a common practice in Berlin
for the wife to stay at home when the
husband and family go to the seaside.
In this way she enjoys her own holi-
days, usually taking her meals at res-
taurants.

Cured of Piles after 40 Years.

Mr. O. Haney, of Geneva, Ohio, had
piles for 40 years. Doctors and dollars
could do him no lasting good. DeWitt's
Witch Hazel Salve cured him permanently.
Invaluable for cuts, burns, bruises, sprains,
lacerations, eczema, tetter, salt rheum, and
all other skin diseases. Look for the name
DeWitt on the package—all others are
cheap worthless counterfeits. For sale by
W. T. Hill.